

OFCO Industrial Corp. and Subsidiaries
Consolidated Financial Statements and
Independent Auditor's Review Report
For the Six Months Ended June 30,
2021 and 2020
Stock Code: 5011

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OFCO Industrial Corp. and Subsidiaries
Consolidated Financial Statements and Independent Auditor's Review Report For the
Six Months Ended June 30, 2021 and 2020
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Auditor's Review Report

(110)Certificate No. 21001539

OFCO Industrial Corp.

Foreword

We have reviewed the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of OFCO Industrial Corp. and subsidiaries (hereinafter collectively referred to as "OFCO Group") as of June 30, 2021 and 2020, the related consolidated statements of income for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, changes in equity, and cash flows for the six months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, and the related consolidated notes to the financial statements (including the summary of significant accounting policies). The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with the Guidelines Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and International Accounting Standard 34, "Interim Financial Reporting", as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission, is the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express the conclusion of the financial statements based on our review.

Scope of Review

We conducted our reviews in accordance with Statement of Auditing Standards NO. 65, "Review of Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity". A review of the financial statements consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with the generally accepted auditing standards and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Conclusion

Based on our reviews, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying financial statements do not present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of June 30, 2021 and 2020, and of its financial performance for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, and its cash flows for the six months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and the International Accounting Standard 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China.

PwC Taiwan

Tzu-Yu Lin

Certified Public Accountant

Tzu-Meng Liu

Former Securities Management Committee, Ministry of
Finance

TWSE Approval No.: (82) (6) TWSE No. 44927
(84) (6) TWSE No.29174

August 11 ,2021

OFCO Industrial Corp. and Subsidiaries
Consolidated Balance Sheets
June 30, 2021 and December 31 and June 30, 2020

(The accompanying consolidated balance sheets as of June 30 2021 and 2020 have been reviewed only, and have not been audited in accordance with Generally Accepted Auditing Standards.)

Unit: NT\$ thousand

| Asset | | | June30,2021 | | December 31, 2020 | | June30,2020 | |
|--------------------|--|----------|--------------|-----|-------------------|-----|--------------|-----|
| | | Note | Amount | % | Amount | % | Amount | % |
| Current Assets | | | | | | | | |
| 1100 | Cash and cash equivalents | 6(1) | \$ 365,759 | 13 | \$ 261,027 | 12 | \$ 141,075 | 8 |
| 1110 | Financial assets at fair value | 6(2) | | | | | | |
| | through profit or loss - current | | 27,850 | 1 | - | - | 1,343 | - |
| 1120 | Financial assets at fair value | 6(3)&8 | | | | | | |
| | through other comprehensive income or loss - current | | 130,324 | 5 | 64,523 | 3 | 56,137 | 3 |
| 1136 | Financial Assets Carried at Cost-Current | 6(1)&8 | 224,100 | 8 | 301,864 | 14 | 183,600 | 10 |
| 1150 | Notes receivable net | 6(4) | 55,567 | 2 | 55,354 | 3 | 55,200 | 3 |
| 1170 | Accounts receivable net | 6(4)&12 | 440,771 | 16 | 273,652 | 13 | 131,882 | 7 |
| 1180 | Accounts receivable net - related parties | 6(4)&7 | 73,756 | 3 | 37,954 | 2 | 16,758 | 1 |
| 1200 | Other receivables | | 16,418 | 1 | 11,440 | - | 7,143 | 1 |
| 1220 | Current tax assets | 6(30) | - | - | 11 | - | 1 | - |
| 130X | Inventories | 5(2)&6 | | | | | | |
| | | (5) | 324,142 | 12 | 249,206 | 12 | 280,462 | 15 |
| 1410 | Pre-payments | | 115,950 | 4 | 85,188 | 4 | 77,001 | 4 |
| 1460 | Non-current assets held for sale | 6(10) | - | - | - | - | 41,565 | 2 |
| 11XX | Total current assets | | 1,774,637 | 65 | 1,340,219 | 63 | 992,167 | 54 |
| Non-current assets | | | | | | | | |
| 1510 | Financial assets at FVTPL - Non-current | 6(6) | - | - | 32 | - | - | - |
| 1535 | Financial Assets Carried at Cost-Non-current | 6(1)&8 | 22,500 | 1 | - | - | - | - |
| 1600 | Property, Plant and Equipment | 6(7)(12) | | | | | | |
| | | &8 | 640,214 | 24 | 579,619 | 27 | 603,091 | 33 |
| 1755 | Right-of-use assets | 6(8) | 98,669 | 4 | 8,435 | 1 | 13,182 | 1 |
| 1760 | Investment property- net | 6(9) | 31,002 | 1 | 31,002 | 2 | 31,002 | 2 |
| 1780 | Intangible Assets | 6(11) | | | | | | |
| | | (32) | 19,397 | 1 | 19,422 | 1 | 19,003 | 1 |
| 1840 | Deferred tax assets | 5(2)&6 | | | | | | |
| | | (30) | 79,407 | 3 | 56,452 | 3 | 57,072 | 3 |
| 1915 | Prepayments for equipment | 6(7) | 5,570 | - | 462 | - | 2,952 | - |
| 1920 | Refundable deposits | | 9,860 | - | 4,115 | - | 2,766 | - |
| 1930 | Long-term notes and accounts receivable | 6(7) | 23,000 | 1 | 50,600 | 2 | 78,200 | 4 |
| 1975 | Net defined benefit assets – non-current | 6(18) | 8,320 | - | 8,309 | - | 7,624 | 1 |
| 1990 | Other non-current assets - others | 7 | 8,234 | - | 17,265 | 1 | 25,055 | 1 |
| 15XX | Total non-current assets | | 946,173 | 35 | 775,713 | 37 | 839,947 | 46 |
| 1XXX | Total Assets | | \$ 2,720,810 | 100 | \$ 2,115,932 | 100 | \$ 1,832,114 | 100 |

(Continued)

OFCO Industrial Corp. and Subsidiaries
Consolidated Balance Sheets
June 30, 2021 and December 31 and June 30, 2020

(The accompanying consolidated balance sheets as of June 30 2021 and 2020 have been reviewed only, and have not been audited in accordance with Generally Accepted Auditing Standards.)

Unit: NT\$ thousand

| Liabilities and Equity | | | June30,2021 | | December 31, 2020 | | June30,2020 | | | | |
|---|--|-------------------|-------------|-----------|-------------------|--------|-------------|--------|----|-----------|----|
| | | | Notes | Amount | % | Amount | % | Amount | % | | |
| Current liabilities | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2100 | Short-term loans | 6(13)&8 | \$ | 522,559 | 19 | \$ | 547,289 | 26 | \$ | 701,989 | 38 |
| 2110 | Short-term notes and bills payable | 6(14)&8 | | 60,000 | 2 | | 60,000 | 3 | | 30,000 | 2 |
| 2120 | Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss - current | 6(2) | | - | - | | 568 | - | | - | - |
| 2130 | Contract liability - current | 6(23) | | 10,748 | - | | 15,724 | 1 | | 2,940 | - |
| 2150 | Notes payable | | | 22,770 | 1 | | 16,311 | 1 | | 43,233 | 2 |
| 2160 | Notes Payable - Related Parties | 7 | | 5,846 | - | | 2,102 | - | | 82 | - |
| 2170 | Accounts payable | | | 264,284 | 10 | | 184,193 | 9 | | 36,039 | 2 |
| 2180 | Accounts payable - Related parties | 7 | | 89,912 | 3 | | 63,002 | 3 | | 53,625 | 3 |
| 2200 | Other payables | 6(15)&7 | | 120,944 | 5 | | 92,109 | 4 | | 79,373 | 4 |
| 2230 | Current tax liabilities | 6(30) | | 4,987 | - | | 4,282 | - | | 338 | - |
| 2280 | Lease liabilities - Current | | | 11,386 | 1 | | 6,655 | - | | 10,982 | 1 |
| 2320 | Current portion of long-term liabilities | 6(16)(17)&8 | | 37,346 | 1 | | 77,523 | 4 | | 67,793 | 4 |
| 21XX | Total current liabilities | | | 1,150,782 | 42 | | 1,069,758 | 51 | | 1,026,394 | 56 |
| non-current liabilities | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2500 | Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss - non-current | 6(6)(16) | | - | - | | - | - | | 271 | - |
| 2530 | Bonds payable | 6(16) | | - | - | | 81,844 | 4 | | 281,816 | 15 |
| 2540 | Long-term loans | 6(17)&8 | | 27,568 | 1 | | 272,454 | 13 | | 68,886 | 4 |
| 2570 | Deferred tax liabilities | 6(30) | | 19,487 | 1 | | 19,600 | 1 | | 19,925 | 1 |
| 2580 | Lease liabilities – Non-current | | | 87,328 | 3 | | 1,972 | - | | 2,546 | - |
| 2670 | Other non-current liabilities - other | | | - | - | | 10,579 | - | | 10,572 | 1 |
| 25XX | Total Non-Current Liabilities | | | 134,383 | 5 | | 386,449 | 18 | | 384,016 | 21 |
| 2XXX | Total liabilities | | | 1,285,165 | 47 | | 1,456,207 | 69 | | 1,410,410 | 77 |
| Equity attributed to the stockholders of the parent | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Share capital | 6(16)(19) | | | | | | | | | |
| 3110 | Common stock | | | 755,774 | 28 | | 423,793 | 20 | | 411,359 | 23 |
| 3130 | Bond for Equity Certificates | | | 4,444 | - | | 96,561 | 5 | | - | - |
| 3200 | Additional paid-in capital | 6(16)(19)(20)(21) | | 686,286 | 26 | | 203,088 | 10 | | 94,172 | 5 |
| | Retained earnings | 6(22) | | | | | | | | | |
| 3320 | Special reserve | | | 7,745 | - | | 7,745 | - | | 7,745 | - |
| 3350 | Unappropriated earnings | | (| 16,332)(| 1)(| (| 58,571)(| 3)(| (| 51,215)(| 3) |

The Note to Consolidated Financial Statements appended to the statements form part of the Consolidated Financial Statements. Please read together.

Chairman:Norman Sun

President:Ju-YenWu

Accounting Director: Mei-Yu Wang

OFCO Industrial Corp. and Subsidiaries
Consolidated Balance Sheets
June 30, 2021 and December 31 and June 30, 2020

(The accompanying consolidated balance sheets as of June 30 2021 and 2020 have been reviewed only, and have not been audited in accordance with Generally Accepted Auditing Standards.)

Unit: NT\$ thousand

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------|--|-------|---|---------------------|------------|---------------------|------------|---------------------|------------|----|---|---------|---|----|
| 3400 | Other interests | 6(3) | (| 19,333) | (| 1) | (| 14,713) | (| 1) | (| 23,472) | (| 1) |
| 3500 | Treasury shares | 6(19) | | - | | - | | - | | - | (| 22,390) | (| 1) |
| 31XX | Total equity attributed to the stockholders of the parent company | | | <u>1,418,584</u> | <u>52</u> | <u>657,903</u> | <u>31</u> | <u>416,199</u> | <u>23</u> | | | | | |
| 36XX | Non-controlling interest | | | <u>17,061</u> | <u>1</u> | <u>1,822</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>5,505</u> | <u>-</u> | | | | | |
| 3XXX | Total equity | | | <u>1,435,645</u> | <u>53</u> | <u>659,725</u> | <u>31</u> | <u>421,704</u> | <u>23</u> | | | | | |
| | Significant contingent liabilities and unrecognized commitments | 9 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3X2X | Total liabilities and equity | | | <u>\$ 2,720,810</u> | <u>100</u> | <u>\$ 2,115,932</u> | <u>100</u> | <u>\$ 1,832,114</u> | <u>100</u> | | | | | |

The Note to Consolidated Financial Statements appended to the statements form part of the Consolidated Financial Statements. Please read together.

Chairman:Norman Sun

President:Ju-YenWu

Accounting Director: Mei-Yu Wang

OFCO Industrial Corp. and Subsidiaries
Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income
For the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2021 and 2020
(Reviewed only, not audited in accordance with Generally Accepted Auditing Standards)

Unit: NT\$ thousand
(In addition to the loss per share of NT\$)

| Items | Note | April 1 to June 30, 2021 | | April 1 to June 30, 2020 | | January 1 to June 30, 2021 | | January 1 to June 30, 2020 | |
|---|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------|-----------------------------|--------------|-------------------------------|----------|-------------------------------|--------------|
| | | Amount | % | Amount | % | Amount | % | Amount | % |
| 4000 Operating revenue | 6(23) 、 And 7 | \$ 996,740 | 100 | \$ 220,852 | 100 | \$ 1,704,655 | 100 | \$ 444,968 | 100 |
| 5000 Operating costs | 6(5)(18) (28)(29) 、 7 and 12 | (952,838) | (95) | (219,101) | (99) | (1,638,157) | (96) | (464,574) | (104) |
| 5900 Gross profit (loss) | | <u>43,902</u> | <u>5</u> | <u>1,751</u> | <u>1</u> | <u>66,498</u> | <u>4</u> | <u>(19,606)</u> | <u>(4)</u> |
| Operating Expenses | 6(18) (28) (29)and 7 | | | | | | | | |
| 6100 Marketing expenses | | (9,146) | (1) | (7,314) | (3) | (16,614) | (1) | (12,685) | (3) |
| 6200 Administrative Expenses | | (21,631) | (2) | (15,227) | (7) | (43,926) | (3) | (30,032) | (7) |
| 6300 R&D Expenses | | (481) | - | (2,193) | (1) | (1,160) | - | (4,938) | (1) |
| 6000 Total operating expenses | | (31,258) | (3) | (24,734) | (11) | (61,700) | (4) | (47,655) | (11) |
| 6900 Operating income(losses) | | <u>12,644</u> | <u>2</u> | <u>(22,983)</u> | <u>(10)</u> | <u>4,798</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>(67,261)</u> | <u>(15)</u> |
| Non-operating income & expenses | | | | | | | | | |
| 7100 Interest income | 6(24) | 142 | - | 98 | - | 214 | - | 311 | - |
| 7010 Other income | 6(25) | 2,717 | - | 247 | - | 3,117 | - | 667 | - |
| 7020 Other gains or losses | 6(2)(6) (7)(16) (26)and 12 | 22,151 | 2 | 796 | - | 21,820 | 1 | 1,574 | - |
| 7050 Financial costs | 6(8)(16) (27)and 7 | (2,809) | - | (2,224) | (1) | (5,494) | - | (4,957) | (1) |
| 7000 Total non-operating Income and expenses | | <u>22,201</u> | <u>2</u> | <u>(1,083)</u> | <u>(1)</u> | <u>19,657</u> | <u>1</u> | <u>(2,405)</u> | <u>(1)</u> |
| 7900 Net income(loss) before tax | | 34,845 | 4 | (24,066) | (11) | 24,455 | 1 | (69,666) | (16) |
| 7950 Income tax benefits | 6(30) | <u>13,439</u> | <u>1</u> | <u>725</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>18,081</u> | <u>1</u> | <u>9,806</u> | <u>2</u> |
| 8200 Net income(loss) | | <u>\$ 48,284</u> | <u>5</u> | <u>(\$ 23,341)</u> | <u>(11)</u> | <u>\$ 42,536</u> | <u>2</u> | <u>(\$ 59,860)</u> | <u>(14)</u> |
| Other comprehensive income | | | | | | | | | |
| Items that will not be re- classified into profit and loss | | | | | | | | | |
| 8316 Unrealized profit and loss on the equity instrument investments at fair value through other comprehensive income | 6(3) | (\$ 6,293) | (1) | \$ 18,637 | 9 | (\$ 4,620) | - | (\$ 10,011) | (2) |
| 8300 Other comprehensive income(net) | | <u>(\$ 6,293)</u> | <u>(1)</u> | <u>\$ 18,637</u> | <u>9</u> | <u>(\$ 4,620)</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>(\$ 10,011)</u> | <u>(2)</u> |
| 8500 Total comprehensive income | | <u>\$ 41,991</u> | <u>4</u> | <u>(\$ 4,704)</u> | <u>(2)</u> | <u>\$ 37,916</u> | <u>2</u> | <u>(\$ 69,871)</u> | <u>(16)</u> |
| Net profit (loss) attributed to: | | | | | | | | | |
| 8610 Stockholders of the parent company | | \$ 48,067 | 5 | (\$ 23,406) | (11) | \$ 42,239 | 2 | (\$ 59,968) | (14) |

The Note to Consolidated Financial Statements appended to the statements form part of the Consolidated Financial Statements.
Please read together.

Chairman:Norman Sun

President:Ju-Yen Wu

Accounting Director: Mei-Yu Wang

OFCO Industrial Corp. and Subsidiaries
Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income
For the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2021 and 2020
(Reviewed only, not audited in accordance with Generally Accepted Auditing Standards)

Unit: NT\$ thousand
(In addition to the loss per share of NT\$)

| | | | | | | | | | |
|------|---|------------|----------|-------------|----------|------------|----------|-------------|----------|
| 8620 | non-controlling interest | <u>217</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>65</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>297</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>108</u> | <u>-</u> |
| | | \$ 48,284 | 5 | (\$ 23,341) | (11) | \$ 42,536 | 2 | (\$ 59,860) | (14) |
| | Total comprehensive income attributed to: | | | | | | | | |
| 8710 | Stockholders of the parent company | \$ 41,774 | 4 | (\$ 4,769) | (2) | \$ 37,619 | 2 | (\$ 69,979) | (16) |
| 8720 | non-controlling interest | <u>217</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>65</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>297</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>108</u> | <u>-</u> |
| | | \$ 41,991 | 4 | (\$ 4,704) | (2) | \$ 37,916 | 2 | (\$ 69,871) | (16) |
| | Earning(Loss) per share | | | | | | | | |
| | 6(31) | | | | | | | | |
| 9750 | Basic | \$ 0.72 | | \$ 0.58 | | \$ 0.63 | | (\$ 1.48) | |
| 9850 | Diluted | \$ 0.70 | | \$ 0.58 | | \$ 0.61 | | (\$ 1.48) | |

The Note to Consolidated Financial Statements appended to the statements form part of the Consolidated Financial Statements.
Please read together.

Chairman:Norman Sun

President:Ju-YenWu

Accounting Director: Mei-Yu Wang

OFCO Industrial Corp. and Subsidiaries
Consolidated Statements of Changes Equity
January 1 to June 30, 2021 and 2020
(Reviewed only, not audited in accordance with Generally Accepted Auditing Standards)

Unit: NT\$ thousand

| Unit: NT\$ thousand | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|------|---------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|-----------------|-------------------------|--|---|-----------------|------------|--------------------------|--------------|
| Equity attributed to the owners of parent-company | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Note | Share capital | | | Retained earnings | | | Other components of equity | | Treasury stocks | Total | Non-controlling interest | Total equity |
| | | Common stock | Bond for Equity Certificates | Additional paid-in capital | Legal reserve | Special reserve | Unappropriated earnings | The exchange difference in the conversion of financial statements of foreign business institutions | Unrealized profit and loss on the financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income | | | | |
| <u>January 1 to June 30, 2020</u> | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Balance as of January 1, 2020 | | \$ 411,359 | \$ - | \$ 111,676 | \$ 5,409 | \$ 7,745 | (\$ 22,953) | \$ - | (\$ 4,708) | \$ - | \$ 508,528 | \$ 4,082 | \$ 512,610 |
| Net income for January to June 2020 | | - | - | - | - | - | (59,968) | - | - | - | (59,968) | 108 | (59,860) |
| Other comprehensive income for January to June 2020 6(3) | | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | (10,011) | - | (10,011) | - | (10,011) |
| Total consolidated profit and loss for January to June 2020 | | - | - | - | - | - | (59,968) | - | (10,011) | - | (69,979) | 108 | (69,871) |
| Disposal of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income 6(3) | | - | - | - | - | - | 8,753 | - | (8,753) | - | - | - | - |
| Capital surplus cover accumulated deficits 6(20) | | - | - | (17,544) | - | - | 17,544 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Legal reserve cover accumulated deficits 6(22) | | - | - | - | (5,409) | - | 5,409 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Repurchase of convertible bonds 6(16) | | - | - | 40 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 40 | - | 40 |
| Repurchase of treasury stock 6(19) | | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | (22,390) | (22,390) | - | (22,390) |
| Increase in acquirement of subsidiaries | | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1,315 | 1,315 |
| Balance as of June 30, 2020 | | \$ 411,359 | \$ - | \$ 94,172 | \$ - | \$ 7,745 | (\$ 51,215) | \$ - | (\$ 23,472) | (\$ 22,390) | \$ 416,199 | \$ 5,505 | \$ 421,704 |
| <u>January 1 to June 30, 2021</u> | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Balance as of January 1, 2021 | | \$ 423,793 | \$ 96,561 | \$ 203,088 | \$ - | \$ 7,745 | (\$ 58,571) | \$ 373 | (\$ 15,086) | \$ - | \$ 657,903 | \$ 1,822 | \$ 659,725 |
| Net income for January to June 2021 | | - | - | - | - | - | 42,239 | - | - | - | 42,239 | 297 | 42,536 |
| Other comprehensive income for January to June 2021 6(3) | | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | (4,620) | - | (4,620) | - | (4,620) |
| Total consolidated profit and loss for January to June, 2021 | | - | - | - | - | - | 42,239 | - | (4,620) | - | 37,619 | 297 | 37,916 |
| Increase of common stock for cash 6(19)(20) | | 200,000 | - | 448,350 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 648,350 | - | 648,350 |
| Conversion of bonds into capital stock 6(16)(19)(20) | | 131,981 | (92,117) | 30,950 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 70,814 | - | 70,814 |
| Employee Stock Options Compensation Costs 6(20)(21) | | - | - | 2,158 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2,158 | - | 2,158 |
| Changes in ownership interests in subsidiaries recognized 6(20) | | - | - | 1,740 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1,740 | (1,740) | - |

The Note to Consolidated Financial Statements appended to the statements form part of the Consolidated Financial Statements. Please read together.

Chairman: Norman Sun

President: Ju-Yen Wu

Accounting Director: Mei-Yu Wang

OFCO Industrial Corp. and Subsidiaries
Consolidated Statements of Changes Equity
January 1 to June 30, 2021 and 2020
(Reviewed only, not audited in accordance with Generally Accepted Auditing Standards)

Unit: NT\$ thousand

| | Equity attributed to the owners of parent-company | | | | | | | | | | Non-controlling interest | Total equity |
|--------------------------------------|---|------------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|-----------------|-------------------------|--|---|-----------------|--------------|--------------------------|--------------|
| | | | | | | | Other components of equity | | Treasury stocks | Total | | |
| | | | | | | | The exchange difference in the conversion of financial statements of foreign business institutions | Unrealized profit and loss on the financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income | | | | |
| | Share capital | | | Retained earnings | | | | | | | | |
| Note | Common stock | Bond for Equity Certificates | Additional paid-in capital | Legal reserve | Special reserve | Unappropriated earnings | | | | | | |
| Changes in non-controlling interests | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 16,682 | 16,682 |
| Balance as of June 30, 2021 | \$ 755,774 | \$ 4,444 | \$ 686,286 | \$ - | \$ 7,745 | (\$ 16,332) | \$ 373 | (\$ 19,706) | \$ - | \$ 1,418,584 | \$ 17,061 | \$ 1,435,645 |

The Note to Consolidated Financial Statements appended to the statements form part of the Consolidated Financial Statements. Please read together.

Chairman: Norman Sun

President: Ju-Yen Wu

Accounting Director: Mei-Yu Wang

OFCO Industrial Corp. and Subsidiaries
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows
January 1 to June 30, 2021 and 2020

(Reviewed only, not audited in accordance with Generally Accepted Auditing Standards)

Unit: NT\$ thousand

| | Note | January 1 to June 30, 2021 | January 1 to June 30, 2020 |
|---|-----------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| <u>Cash flows from operating activities</u> | | | |
| Net income(loss) before tax | | \$ 24,455 | (\$ 69,666) |
| Adjustments | | | |
| Income charges (credits) | | | |
| Gain on financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss | | (536) | (351) |
| Loss on inventory reduce of market | 6(5) | 3,746 | - |
| Depreciation expense | 6(7)(8) (28) | 32,144 | 33,747 |
| Amortization expense | 6(11) (28) | 51 | - |
| Net loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment | 6(26) | 339 | 2,766 |
| Loss on repurchase of corporate bonds | 6(16) (26) | - | 26 |
| Employee Stock Options Compensation Costs | 6(20) (21) | 2,158 | - |
| Interest revenue | 6(24) | (214) | (311) |
| Foreign exchange loss | | 8,761 | 2,253 |
| Interest expense | 6(27) | 5,494 | 4,957 |
| Changes in assets/liabilities related to operating activities | | | |
| Changes in assets relating to operating activities net | | | |
| Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current | | (27,850) | (1,343) |
| Notes receivable | | (213) | 1,331 |
| Accounts receivable | | (167,119) | (7,471) |
| Accounts receivable-related parties | | (35,802) | 14,087 |
| Other receivables | | (4,978) | 317 |
| Inventories | | (78,682) | 47,855 |
| Pre-payments | | (30,762) | (1,855) |
| Net defined benefit assets - non-current | | (11) | - |
| Changes in liabilities relating to operating activities ne | | | |
| Contract liability - current | | (4,976) | 278 |
| Notes payable | | 6,459 | (7,114) |
| Notes Payable - Related Parties | | 3,744 | - |
| Accounts payable | | 80,091 | 15,664 |
| Accounts payable-Related parties | | 26,910 | 21,644 |
| Other payables | | 29,082 | (14,810) |
| Other non-current liabilities - other | | (10,579) | - |
| Cash (outflow) inflow of business operations | | (138,288) | 42,004 |
| Interest receivable | | 214 | 311 |
| Interest payable | | (5,667) | (1,613) |
| Income Taxes Collected | | (4,271) | (423) |
| Net Cash In-Flow(Out-Flow) from Operating Activities | | (148,012) | 40,279 |

OFCO Industrial Corp. and Subsidiaries
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows
January 1 to June 30, 2021 and 2020

(Reviewed only, not audited in accordance with Generally Accepted Auditing Standards)

Unit: NT\$ thousand

| | Note | January 1 to June 30, 2021 | January 1 to June 30, 2020 |
|--|-------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| <u>Cash flows from investing activities</u> | | | |
| Acquisition of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - current | | (\$ 70,421) | \$ - |
| Disposal of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - current | 6(3) | - | 38,692 |
| Reduction(Increase) in Financial Assets Carried at Cost-Current | | 69,003 | (56,763) |
| Increase in financial Assets Carried at Cost- Non-current | | (22,500) | - |
| Cash paid for acquisition of property, plant and equipment | 6(33) | (40,582) | (7,742) |
| Cash receipts from disposal of property, plant and equipment | 6(33) | 25,157 | 24,233 |
| Acquisition of intangible assets | 6(11) | (26) | - |
| Increase in prepayments for equipment | | (52,484) | (2,369) |
| Refundable deposits reduction (increment) | | (5,745) | (700) |
| Cash receipts from disposal of other assets- non-current | 6(33) | 2,793 | 2,659 |
| Other non-current assets - other decreases | | 9,031 | 2,880 |
| Cash paid for acquisition of subsidiary | 6(33) | - | (93,735) |
| Net cash used in investing activities | | (85,774) | (92,845) |
| <u>Cash flows from financing activities</u> | | | |
| Short-term borrowings | 6(34) | 1,173,436 | 824,970 |
| Repayment of short-term loans | 6(34) | (1,198,166) | (773,882) |
| Increase in Short-term notes and bills payable | 6(34) | - | 20,000 |
| Repurchase of convertible bonds | 6(16) | | |
| | (34) | - | (513) |
| Repayments of lease principal | 6(34) | (5,671) | (4,530) |
| Long-term borrowings | 6(34) | - | 103,729 |
| Repayment of long-term loans | 6(34) | (296,113) | (142,899) |
| Increase of common stock for cash | 6(19) | 648,350 | - |
| Repurchase of treasury stock | 6(19) | - | (22,390) |
| Changes in non-controlling interests | | 16,682 | - |
| Net cash inflows from financing activities | | 338,518 | 4,485 |
| Increase/(Reduction) in cash and cash equivalents | | 104,732 | (48,081) |

The Note to Consolidated Financial Statements appended to the statements form part of the Consolidated Financial Statements. Please read together.

Chairman: Norman Sun

President: Ju-Yen Wu

Accounting Director: Mei-Yu Wang

OFCO Industrial Corp. and Subsidiaries
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows
January 1 to June 30, 2021 and 2020

(Reviewed only, not audited in accordance with Generally Accepted Auditing Standards)

Unit: NT\$ thousand

| | <u>Note</u> | <u>January 1 to June 30, 2021</u> | <u>January 1 to June 30, 2020</u> |
|---|-------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Balance of cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period | 6(1) | 261,027 | 189,156 |
| Balance of cash and cash equivalents, end of period | 6(1) | <u>\$ 365,759</u> | <u>\$ 141,075</u> |

The Note to Consolidated Financial Statements appended to the statements form part of the Consolidated Financial Statements. Please read together.

Chairman: Norman Sun

President: Ju-Yen Wu

Accounting Director: Mei-Yu Wang

OFCO Industrial Corp. and Subsidiaries
Notes to consolidated financial statements
For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2021 and 2020
 (Reviewed only, not audited in accordance with Generally Accepted Auditing Standards)
 Unit: NT\$ thousand
 (Unless otherwise specified)

1. Organization and operations

(1) OFCO Industrial Corp. (hereinafter referred to as "the Company") was established on November 21, 1984 in accordance with the provisions of the Company Act. The main business scope includes the manufacturing of fastener screws and related products, metal heat treatment OEM and trading. For the major operating items of subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (hereinafter collectively referred to as "the Group"), please refer to Note 4, (3) for the description of the basis of consolidation.

(2) The Company's shares have been traded on the Taipei Exchange (TPEX) since May 1999.

2. The Authorization of Financial Statements

This consolidated financial statements were submitted to the Board of Directors and issued on August 11, 2021.

3. Application of New and Revised International Financial Reporting Standards

(1) The impact from adopting the newly released and revised International Financial Reporting Standards recognized by the Financial Supervisory Commission (FSC).

The following table summarizes the applicable newly released, corrected and amended standards and interpretations of the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) recognized by the Financial Supervisory Commission in 2021:

| Newly released / corrected / amended standards and interpretations | Effective Date Issued by IASB |
|--|-------------------------------|
| Amendments to IFRS 4, "Extension of the Temporary Exemption from Applying IFRS 9". | January 1, 2021 |
| IFRS 9, IAS 39, IFRS 7, IFRS 4 and IFRS 16 Phase 2 Amendments to "Interest Rate Benchmark Reform". | January 1, 2021 |
| Amendments to IFRS 16 "Post-June 30, 2021 COVID-19 -Related Rent Concessions". | April 1, 2021 (Note) |

Note: The FSC permitted early adoption on January 1, 2021.

The Group has assessed that the above standards and interpretations do not have a material impact on the Group's financial position and financial performance.

(2) Impact of the newly released and amended IFRS recognized by the FSC not yet adopted by the Company.

The following table summarizes the applicable newly released, corrected and amended standards and interpretations of the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) recognized by the Financial Supervisory Commission in 2022:

| Newly released / corrected / amended standards and interpretations | Effective Date Issued by IASB |
|--|-------------------------------|
| IFRS 3 amendment, "Reference to Conceptual Framework" | January 1, 2022 |
| Amendments to IAS 16, "Property, Plant and Equipment: Proceeds before Intended Use (Amendments to IAS 16)" | January 1, 2022 |
| Amendments to IAS 37, "Onerous Contracts cost of fulfilling a contract" | January 1, 2022 |
| Annual improvements to 2018 - 2020 cycle | January 1, 2022 |

The Group has assessed that the above standards and interpretations do not have a material impact on the Group's financial position and financial performance.

(3) IFRSs issued by the IASB but not yet recognized by the FSC.

The following table summarizes the applicable newly released, corrected and amended standards and interpretations of the International Financial Reporting Standards issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) but not yet recognized by the FSC:

| Newly released / corrected / amended standards and interpretations | Effective Date Issued by IASB |
|--|-------------------------------|
| Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28 | |
| "Sales or contributions of assets between an investor and its associate/joint venture" | To be determined by the IASB |
| IFRS 17 - Insurance contracts | January 1, 2023 |
| Amendment to IFRS 17 - Insurance contracts | January 1, 2023 |
| Amendment to IAS 1 "Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-Current" | January 1, 2023 |
| Amendment to IAS 1 - "Disclosure of Accounting Policies" | January 1, 2023 |
| Amendment to IAS 8 - "Definition of Accounting Estimates" | January 1, 2023 |
| Amendments to IAS 12, "Deferred Tax Related to Assets and Liabilities Arising from a Single Transaction" | January 1, 2023 |

The Group has assessed that the above standards and interpretations do not have a material impact on the Group's financial position and financial performance.

4. Summary of significant accounting policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the periods presented, unless otherwise stated.

(1) Statement of compliance

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the "Regulations

Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers" and IAS34 "Interim Financial Reporting", as approved by the FSC.

(2)Basis of preparation

- A. Except for the following items, these consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.
- ① Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (including derivatives).
 - ② Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income.
 - ③ The defined benefit asset is recognized as the net of the present value of the defined benefit obligation of the pension fund.
- B. The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), International Accounting Standards (IAS), Interpretations and Interpretative Pronouncements (IFRSs) as endorsed by the FSC requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. The application of the Company's accounting policies also requires management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying those policies that involve a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or items that involve significant assumptions and estimates in the consolidated financial statements. Please refer to Note 5 for a description of significant accounting judgments, estimates and key sources of assumption uncertainty.

(3)Basis of consolidation

- A. The basis for preparation of consolidated financial statements
- ① All subsidiaries are included in the Corporate Group's consolidated financial statements. A subsidiary is an entity (including a structured entity) that is controlled by the Group. When the Group is exposed to variable remuneration from participation in the entity or has rights to such variable remuneration and, through its power over the entity, has the ability to affect such remuneration, then the Group is in control of the entity. Consolidation of subsidiaries begins from the date the Group obtains control of the subsidiaries and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiaries.
 - ② Inter-company transactions, balances and unrealized gains or losses on transactions between companies within the Corporate Group are eliminated. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been adjusted where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Corporate Group.
 - ③ The profit and loss and the components of other comprehensive income attribute to the owners of the parent company and non-controlling interest. The total comprehensive income also attributes to the owners of the parent company and non-controlling interest, even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.
 - ④ Changes in a parent's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in the parent losing control of the subsidiary (transactions with non-controlling interests) are equity transactions, and they are considered as transactions with owners in their capacity as owners. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is directly recognized in equity.
 - ⑤ When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, the Group remeasures any investment retained in the former subsidiary at its fair value. That fair value is regarded as the fair

value on initial recognition of a financial asset or the cost on initial recognition of the associate or joint venture. Any difference between fair value and book value is recognized in profit or loss. All amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to the subsidiary are reclassified to profit or loss on the same basis as would be required if the related assets or liabilities were disposed of. That is, when the Group loses control of a subsidiary, all gains or losses previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to the subsidiary should be reclassified from equity to profit or loss, if such gains or losses would be reclassified to profit or loss when the related assets or liabilities are disposed of.

B. Subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements:

| Name of Investor | Name of Subsidiary | Main Business | Ownership (%) | | | Description |
|-----------------------|------------------------------------|---|---------------|-------------------|---------------|-------------|
| | | | June 30, 2021 | December 31, 2020 | June 30, 2020 | |
| OFCO Industrial Corp. | TSG Transport Corp. | Container rental, transportation and packing services | 100.00 | 100.00 | 92.00 | — |
| OFCO Industrial Corp. | TSG Environmental Technology Corp. | Recycling of materials, waste disposal services, etc. | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | — |
| OFCO Industrial Corp. | Yung Fu Co., Ltd. | Garbage and Business Commissioning by waste incineration plants for management services and Small and medium-sized incineration furnace project planning, design turnkey services | 95.06 | 99.00 | 99.00 | (Note 1) |
| Yung Fu Co., Ltd. | TSG POWER Corp. | Energy technology services | 100.00 | 100.00 | - | (Note 2) |

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(Note 1) a new subsidiary of the Company acquired on June 2020.

(Note 2) Newly established in October 2020.

- C. Subsidiaries not included in the consolidated financial statements: None.
- D. Adjustment and treatment of different accounting periods of subsidiaries: None.
- E. Significant limitations: None.
- F. Subsidiaries with non - controlling interests that are significant to the Group: None.

(4) Foreign currency translation

Items included in the financial statements of each entity within the Group are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (i.e., the functional currency). The consolidated financial statements are presented in "New Taiwan Dollars", which is the Company's functional currency.

- A. Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the spot rate at the date of the transaction or measurement date, and translation differences arising from such transactions are recognized in profit or loss for the period.
- B. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are adjusted at the exchange rates prevailing on the balance sheet date, and the resulting translation differences are recognized in profit or loss for the current period.
- C. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are measured at fair value through profit or loss are adjusted at the exchange rates prevailing on the balance sheet date, and the resulting exchange differences are recognized in profit or loss for the current period; those that are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income are adjusted at the exchange rates prevailing on the balance sheet date, and the resulting exchange differences are recognized in other comprehensive income. If the measurement is not at fair value, the measurement is based on the historical exchange rate at the date of initial transaction.
- D. All exchange gains and losses are reported in "Other non-operating revenue or loss" in the consolidated statement of income.

(5) Classification of current and non-current items

A. Assets that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current assets:

- ① Assets arising from operating activities that are expected to be realized, or are intended to be sold or consumed within the normal operating cycle.
- ② Assets held mainly for trading purposes.
- ③ Expected to be realized within 12 months after the balance sheet date.
- ④ Cash or cash equivalents, unless they are exchanged or restricted from being used to settle liabilities for at least 12 months after the balance sheet date.

Those that do not meet the above criteria of assets are considered non - current.

B. Liabilities that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current liabilities:

- ① Liabilities that are expected to be paid off within the normal operating cycle.
- ② Assets held mainly for trading purposes.
- ③ Liabilities that need to be paid within 12 months after the balance sheet date.
- ④ If the settlement period cannot be unconditionally extended to at least 12 months after the balance sheet date. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result

in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.

Those that do not meet the above criteria of liabilities are considered non-current.

(6)Cash Equivalents

- A. Cash equivalents are short - term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into fixed amounts of cash with minimal risk of changes in value.
- B. Bonds with repurchase agreements that meet the above definition and are held for the purpose of meeting short - term cash commitments are classified as cash equivalents.

(7)Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit or Loss

- A. Refer to the financial assets that are not measured at amortized cost, or are measured at fair value through other comprehensive gain or loss.
- B. The Group uses transaction day accounting for FVTPL that comply with prevailing trading practices.
- C. The Group measures financial assets at fair value in initial recognition. The relate transaction costs are recognized in profit and loss. These financial assets are subsequently re-measured and stated at fair value, and any changes in the fair value of these financial assets are recognized in profit or loss.

(8)Financial Assets at Fair Value through other Comprehensive Income

- A. Investments in debt instruments that are not held-for-trading instruments and for which an irrevocable election is made at the time of initial recognition to report changes in fair value in other comprehensive income; or that meet the following criteria:
 - ① The financial assets are held under the operating model for the purpose of receiving contractual cash flows and selling them.
 - ②The assets' contractual cash flows solely represent payments of principal and interest.
- B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, FVTOCI are recognized and derecognized using trade date accounting.
- C. The Group measured its fair value plus transaction costs at initial recognition and subsequently measured at fair value:

Changes in the fair value of equity instruments are recognized in other comprehensive income. Upon derecognition, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in other comprehensive income is not subsequently reclassified to profit or loss and is reclassified to retained earnings. When the right to receive dividends is established, economic benefits related to dividends are likely to flow in, and the amount of dividends can be reliably measured, the company recognizes dividend income in profit and loss.

(9)Financial Assets at Amortized Cost

- A. Refer to those that meet the following criteria at the same time:
 - ① The objective of the business model is achieved by collecting contractual cash flows.
 - ② The assets' contractual cash flows solely represent payments of principal and interest.
- B. The Group uses transaction day accounting for financial assets that are measured at amortized cost in accordance with prevailing trading practices.
- C. The Group measures interest income at its fair value plus transaction costs on initial recognition and subsequently recognizes interest income and impairment loss over the

liquidity period using the effective interest method in accordance with the amortization procedure, and recognizes its gain or loss in profit or loss when derecognized.

- D. The Group holds time deposits that do not meet the cash equivalents. Because of the short holding period, the effect of discounting is not significant and is measured by the amount invested.

(10)Accounts and notes receivable

- A. Refers to accounts and notes that have been unconditionally charged for the right to exchange the value of the consideration due to the transfer of goods or services.
- B. The short-term accounts and notes receivable without bearing interest are subsequently measured at initial invoice amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

(11)Impairment Loss of Financial Assets

Regarding debt instruments measured at FVTOCI, financial assets measured at amortized cost, accounts receivable or contract assets and lease receivables that contain significant financing components, the Group, on each balance sheet date, considers all reasonable and supportable information (including forward-looking ones) and measure the loss allowance based on the 12 month expected credit losses for those that do not have their credit risk increased significantly since initial recognition. For those that have increased significantly since initial recognition, the loss allowance is measured based on the full lifetime expected credit losses. A loss allowance for full lifetime expected credit losses is also required for contract assets or trade receivables that do not constitute a financing transaction.

(12)Derecognition of financial assets

A financial asset is derecognized when the Group's rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired.

(13)Inventories

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost or net realizable value, and the cost is determined by weighted-average method. The cost of finished goods and work-in-progress comprises raw materials, direct labor, other direct costs and related production overheads (amortized according to normal production capacity), but excludes borrowing costs. At the end of year, inventories are evaluated at the lower of cost or net realizable value. The item by item approach is used in applying the lower of cost and net realizable value. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less applicable variable costs of completion and selling expenses. If the cost is higher than the net realizable value, a loss on decline in value is recorded and included in current operating costs. If the net realizable value increases, the valuation allowance is reversed to the extent of the credit balance and included in current operating costs as a deduction.

(14)Property, Plant and Equipment

- A. Property, plant and equipment are recorded at acquisition cost, except for those items that have been revalued in accordance with the law, and the related interest is capitalized during the period of purchase and construction.
- B. Subsequent costs are included in the assets book value or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the costs of the item can be measured reliably. The book value of the replaced part is derecognized. All other repairs and maintenance are

charged to profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.

- C. Land is not depreciated. Other property, plant and equipment apply cost model and are depreciated using the straight-line method to allocate their cost over their estimated useful lives. Each part of an item of property, plant, and equipment with a cost that is significant in relation to the total cost of the item must be depreciated separately.
- D. The assets residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each balance sheet date. If expectations for the assets' residual values and useful lives differ from previous estimates or the patterns of consumption of the assets' future economic benefits embodied in the assets have changed significantly, any change is accounted for as a change in estimate under IAS 8, "Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors" from the date of the change. The estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment are as follows:

| Name of asset | Number of useful years |
|------------------------|------------------------|
| Buildings | 3 - 40 years |
| Equipment | 3 - 23 years |
| Transport Equipment | 3 – 9 years |
| Office equipment | 3 - 11 years |
| Leasehold improvements | 2 - 26 years |
| Other Equipment | 3 - 26 years |

(15)Investment Property

Investment properties are initially measured at cost, and may be subsequently measured using a cost model.

(16)Lessor's lease transaction - Operating lease

Lease income from operating leases, less any incentives given to the lessee, is amortized in current profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

(17)Leasing agreements (lessee) - Right-of-use assets/lease liabilities

- A. Leases are recognized as right-of-use assets and lease liabilities at the date at which the leased assets are available for use by the Group. For short-term leases or leases of low-value assets, lease payments are recognized as expenses on a straight-line basis over the lease term.
- B. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the remaining lease payments at the commencement date, discounted using the incremental borrowing interest rate. Lease payments include fixed payments, less any lease incentives receivables. The Company subsequently measures the lease liability at amortized cost using the interest method and recognizes interest expense over the lease term. The lease liability is remeasured and the amount of re-measurement is recognized as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset when there are changes in the lease term or lease payments and such changes do not arise from contract modifications.
- C. At the commencement date, the right-of-use asset is recognized at cost which includes:
 - ① The amount of initial measurement of lease liability, and
 - ② Any lease payments made at or before the commencement date.

The right-of-use asset is measured subsequently using the cost model and is depreciated from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the asset's service life or the end of lease term. When the lease liability is remeasured, the amount of re-measurement is recognized as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset.

- D. For lease modifications that reduce the scope of the lease, the lessee reduces the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset to reflect the partial or full termination of the lease and recognizes the difference between this amount and the remeasurement amount of the lease liability in profit or loss.

(18)Intangible Assets

A. Computer software

Computer software is recognized at acquisition cost and amortized by the straight-line method over an estimated useful life of 2 to 5 years.

B. Goodwill

Goodwill is measured in a business combination using the acquisition method.

(19)Impairment of non-financial assets

The Group assesses at each balance sheet date the recoverable amounts of those assets where there is an indication that they are impaired. An impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less disposal cost or value in use. When the circumstances or reasons for recognizing impairment loss for an asset in prior years no longer exist or diminish, the impairment loss is reversed. The increased carrying amount due to reversal should not be more than what the depreciated or amortized historical cost would have been if the impairment had not been recognized.

(20)Borrowings

Refers to long-term and short-term funds borrowed from banks. Borrowings are recognized initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently stated at amortized cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognized in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

(21)Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

- A. Financial liabilities that are held for trading with the primary purpose of repurchasing in the near future and derivatives other than those designated as hedging instruments under hedge accounting. Financial liabilities designated as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss on initial recognition. The Company recognizes a financial liability as measured at fair value through profit or loss on initial recognition when one of the following conditions is met:

- ① Mixed (combined) contract.
- ② May eliminate or significantly reduce measurement or recognition inconsistencies.
- ③ The instruments are managed and their performance is evaluated on a fair value basis in accordance with the written risk management policy.

- B..The Group measures financial liabilities at fair value in initial recognition. The related transaction costs are recognized in profit and loss. These financial liabilities are

subsequently re-measured and stated at fair value, and any changes in the fair value of these financial liabilities are recognized in profit or loss.

(22)Notes and accounts payable

- A. Refers to debts incurred as a result of the purchase of raw materials, goods or services and the notes payable due to business and non-business purposes.
- B. Short-term accounts payable and notes that are not interest-bearing are measured at the original invoice amount because the effect of discounting is not significant.

(23)Convertible bonds payable

The convertible bonds payable issued by the Group are embedded with conversion rights (i.e., the holder's right to choose to convert into the Group's common shares for a fixed amount of shares), sell-back rights and buy-back rights. The issuance price is differentiated into financial assets, financial liabilities or equity ("Capital Reserve-Stock Options") at the time of initial issuance, depending on the issuance conditions, and is treated as follows:

- A. Embedded rights to sell and repurchase: "Financial Assets or Liabilities at Fair Value through Profit or Loss" are recorded at their net fair value on initial recognition; subsequently, "Gain or Loss on Financial Assets (Liabilities) at Fair Value through Profit or Loss" is recognized at the balance sheet date, with the difference valued at current fair value.
- B. Master indenture of corporate bonds: The difference between the fair value of the bonds and the redemption value is recognized as a premium or discount on the bonds payable at the time of initial recognition; subsequently, the effective interest method is used to recognize the difference in profit or loss over the liquidity period as an adjustment to "Finance Costs" under the amortization procedure.
- C. Embedded conversion rights (which meet the definition of equity): On initial recognition, the remaining value of the issue amount after deducting the above "Financial Assets or Liabilities at Fair Value through Profit or Loss" and "Bonds Payable" is recorded as "Capital Reserve-Stock Options" and will not be remeasured subsequently.
- D. Any transaction costs directly attributable to the issuance are allocated to each component of liabilities and equity in proportion to the original carrying amount of each component mentioned above.
- E. Upon conversion, the components of liabilities (including "Bonds Payable" and "Financial Assets or Liabilities at Fair Value through Profit or Loss") are subsequently measured according to their respective classifications, and the book value of the aforementioned components of liabilities plus the book value of "Capital Reserve-Stock Options" is used as the cost of issuing common stock in exchange.

(24)Exclusion of financial liabilities

The Group derecognizes financial liabilities upon the performance, cancellation or maturity of obligations contained in the contracts.

(25)Offset of financial assets and liabilities

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and presented in the balance sheet on a net basis when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the amount of the recognized

financial assets and liabilities and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realize the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

(26)Employee benefits

A. Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are measured at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in respect of service rendered by employees in a period and should be recognized as expenses in that period when the employees render service.

B. Pension

① Defined contribution plans

For defined contribution plans, the contributions are recognized as pension expenses when they are due on an accrual basis. Prepaid contributions are recognized as an asset to the extent of a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments.

② Defined benefit plans

- a. Net obligation under a defined benefit plan is defined as the present value of an amount of pension benefits that employees will receive on retirement for their services with the Group in current period or prior periods. The liability recognized in the balance sheet in respect of defined benefit pension plans is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the balance sheet date less the fair value of plan assets. The net defined benefit obligation is calculated annually by the actuary using the projected unit benefit method, and the discount rate is determined by reference to the market yield rate at the balance sheet date on government bonds with a currency and period consistent with the defined benefit plan at the balance sheet date.
- b. Re-measurements arising on defined-benefit plans are recognized in other comprehensive income in the period in which they arise and are recorded as retained earnings.
- c. The pension cost for the interim period is calculated using the actuarially determined pension cost rate from the beginning of the year to the end of the current period as of the end of the previous financial year. If there are significant market changes and material curtailments, liquidations or other significant one-time events after such closing, they will be adjusted and the relevant information will be disclosed in accordance with the aforementioned policy.

C. Remuneration for employees and directors and supervisors

Employees' bonuses and directors' and supervisors' remuneration are recognized as expense and liability, provided that such recognition is required under legal or constructive obligation and those amounts can be reliably estimated. Any difference between the resolved amounts and the subsequently actual distributed amounts is accounted for as changes in estimates. In addition, if employees are paid in stock, the basis for calculating the number of shares is the closing price on the day before the board of directors' resolution.

(27)Income tax

- A. The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognized in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognized in other

comprehensive income or items recognized directly in equity, in which cases the tax is recognized in other comprehensive income or equity.

- B. The Group calculates current income tax at the tax rates that have been legislated or substantively legislated as of the balance sheet date. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in accordance with applicable tax regulations. It establishes provisions where appropriate based on the amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities. Income tax on undistributed earnings is recognized in the year following the year in which the earnings are generated, based on the actual distribution of earnings.
- C. Deferred income tax is recognized, using the balance sheet method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated balance sheet. However, the deferred income tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of goodwill or of an asset or liability in a transaction (other than a business combination) that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred income tax is provided on temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries and associates, except where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred income tax is calculated using the tax rates and tax laws that are expected to apply at the balance sheet date when the deferred income tax asset is realized or the deferred income tax liability is settled, if legislation has been enacted or substantively enacted.
- D. Deferred income tax assets are recognized only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilized. At each balance sheet date, unrecognized and recognized deferred income tax assets are reassessed.
- E. Current income tax assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset on the balance sheet when the entity has the legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities. They are levied by the same taxation authority on either the same entity or different entities that intend to settle on a net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.
- F. Income tax expense for the interim period is calculated by applying the estimated average annual effective tax rate to the income before income tax for the interim period and disclosing the related information in accordance with the accounting policies.

(28)Share capital

- A. Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or stock options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.
- B. When the Company buys back the issued shares, the consideration paid, including any directly attributable incremental costs, is recognized as a deduction of shareholders' equity with the net amount after tax. When the purchased shares are subsequently reissued, the difference between the consideration received and the book value after deducting any directly attributable incremental costs and the impact of income tax is

recognized as an adjustment to shareholders' equity.

(29) Share-based payment to employees

The share-based payment agreement for delivery of equity is a transaction in which employees' labor service received as consideration for the Company's equity instrument at fair value, and it is recognized as compensation costs during the vesting period, and the equity is adjusted accordingly. The fair value of equity instrument shall reflect the effects of vesting and non-vesting conditions of market value. The recognized remuneration costs are adjusted in accordance with the expected service conditions to be met and the non-vesting market value conditions, until the final recognized amount is recognized with the vesting amount on the vesting date.

(30) Dividend distribution

Dividends distributed to the Company's shareholders are recognized in the financial statements when the Company's shareholders resolve to distribute the dividends. Cash dividends are recognized as a liability, while stock dividends are recognized as stock dividends to be distributed and transferred to common stock on the basis date of issuance of new shares.

(31) Income recognition

A. Product sales

- ① The Group manufactures and sells products such as fastener screws. Sales revenue is recognized when control of the product is transferred to the customer, that is, when the product is delivered to the customer, the customer has discretion over the product and the Group has no outstanding performance obligations that may affect the wholesaler's acceptance of the product. The delivery of products occurs when products are shipped to a designated location and the risk of obsolescence and loss has been transferred to customers, and the customers accept the products in accordance with the sales contract or have objective evidence that all criteria have been met.
- ② Accounts receivable are recognized when the merchandise is delivered to the customer because the Group has unconditional rights to the contract price from that point onward and only requires the passage of time to receive the consideration from the customer.

B. Labor income

- ① The Group provides processing-related services. Labor income is recognized as revenue in the period in which the services are rendered to the customer for financial reporting purposes. Revenue from fixed-price contracts is recognized on the basis of the percentage of completion of services and the actual performance costs incurred to the estimated total labor costs as of the balance sheet date.
- ② The Group provides logistics and distribution related services. Revenue from distribution labor is recognized when the merchandise is delivered to the customer's designated location and when control of the product is transferred to the customer, that is, when the consigned goods is delivered to the customer, the customer has discretion over the goods, and the Group has no outstanding performance obligations that could affect the customer's acceptance of the product. The delivery of products occurs when products are shipped to a designated location and the risk of obsolescence and loss has been transferred to customers,

and the customers accept the products in accordance with the sales contract or have objective evidence that all criteria have been met.

- ③ The Group provides ocean freight forwarding services and import and export customs clearance services, etc. Revenue from labor services is recognized in the period in which the services are provided to customers.
- ④ The Group's estimates of revenues, costs, and degree of completion are subject to revision as circumstances change. Any increase or decrease in estimated revenues or costs attributable to changes in estimates is reflected in profit or loss in the period in which the circumstances giving rise to the revision become known to management.
- ⑤ The Group provides incinerator operation management services and profits from the sale of steam or electricity generation through the collection and treatment of waste as a fuel source. Revenue is measured as the consideration to which the Company is expected to be entitled for the transfer of services. The Group recognizes revenue when the performance obligation is satisfied by the transfer of control over the labor to the customer.

(32)Government subsidy

Government subsidies are recognized at fair value when it is reasonably certain that the enterprise will comply with the conditions attached to the government subsidy and will receive the subsidy. If the nature of the government subsidy is to compensate the expenses incurred by the group, the government subsidy shall be recognized as the current profit and loss on a systematic basis during the period of the relevant expenses.

(33)Operating segments

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker. The chief operating decision maker is responsible for allocating resources to the operations department and evaluating its performance.

5.Critical Accounting Judgements and Key Sources of Estimation and Uncertainty

In preparing these financial statements, the Group's management has exercised its judgment in determining the accounting policies to be used and has made accounting estimates and assumptions that are based on reasonable expectations of future events under the circumstances prevailing on the balance sheet date. Assumptions and estimates may differ from the actual results and are continually evaluated and adjusted based on historical experience and other factors. Such assumptions and estimates have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year. Please see the following explanation of critical accounting judgments and key sources of estimation and uncertainty:

(1)Important judgments adopted by the accounting policies

None such cases.

(2)Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

A. Evaluation of Inventories

As the inventory is measured based on the lower of cost and net realizable value, the Company must use judgment and estimation to determine the net realizable value of the inventory on the balance sheet date. The Group assesses the amount of inventories that are normally worn out, obsolete or have no marketable value at the balance sheet date and writes down the cost of inventories to their net realizable value. The inventory valuation is mainly

based on the estimated demand in a specific period in the future, so significant changes may occur.

As of June 30, 2021, the carrying amount of the Group's inventories was \$324,142.

B. Recognition of deferred income tax assets

Deferred income tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is probable that sufficient future taxable income will be available to allow deductions for temporary differences and loss carryforwards. The Group assesses the realizability of deferred income tax assets based on assumptions about expected future labor income growth, profitability, tax holiday, availability of income tax credits and tax planning. Changes in the economy, industrial environment and laws and regulations may result in significant adjustments to deferred income tax assets.

As of June 30, 2021, the carrying amount of the Group's deferred income tax assets was \$79,407.

6.Summary of Significant Accounting Items

(1)Cash and Cash Equivalents

| | <u>June 30, 2021</u> | <u>December 31, 2020</u> | <u>June 30, 2020</u> |
|---------------------------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|
| Cash: | | | |
| Cash on hand | \$ 383 | \$ 266 | \$ 326 |
| Checking accounts and demand deposits | <u>365,376</u> | <u>260,761</u> | <u>140,749</u> |
| | <u>\$ 365,759</u> | <u>\$ 261,027</u> | <u>\$ 141,075</u> |

A. The Group associates with a variety of financial institutions all with high credit quality to disperse credit risk, so it expects that the probability of counterparty default is remote.

B. As of June 30, 2021, December 31, 2020 and June 30, 2020, the Group transferred \$246,600, \$301,864 and \$183,600 of demand deposits, time deposits and bonds with repurchase pledged as collateral to "Financial Assets at Amortized Cost - Current" and "Financial Assets at Amortized Cost - Non-current", respectively.

C. The Group pledged cash and cash equivalents as collateral (listed as "Financial Assets at Amortized Cost-Current" and "Financial Assets at Amortized Cost - Non-current"), please refer to Note 8 statements on pledged assets.

(2) Financial Assets and Liabilities at Fair Value through Profit or Loss - Current

| | <u>June 30, 2021</u> | <u>December 31, 2020</u> | <u>June 30, 2020</u> |
|--|----------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|
| Financial assets mandatorily at FVTPL | | | |
| Shares of listed and OTC company | \$ 15,760 | \$ - | \$ - |
| Beneficiary certificates | 12,090 | - | - |
| Non-hedging derivative financial instruments | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>1,343</u> |
| | <u>\$ 27,850</u> | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ 1,343</u> |

Mandatory financial liabilities
at fair value through profit or
loss

| | | | | | | |
|---|----|---|----|-----|----|---|
| Non-hedging derivative financial instruments | \$ | - | \$ | 568 | \$ | - |
|---|----|---|----|-----|----|---|

A. The Group recognized net income (listed as "Other Gains and Losses") of \$27,938, \$1,698 and \$28,755, \$3,013 for April to June of 2021 and 2020, and January to June of 2021 and 2020, respectively.

B. Information on the transactions and contracts of non-hedging derivative financial assets is described as follows:

| | December 31, 2020 | | June 30, 2020 | |
|--|--|-----------------|--|--------------------|
| | Contract amount (nominal principal) | Contract Period | Contract amount (nominal principal) | Contract Period |
| Derivative financial assets and liabilities | | | | |
| Forward Foreign Exchange Contracts | EUR 1,200 thousand | 2020.9~2021.4 | EUR 2,200 thousand | 2020.6~ 2020.11 |

There were no such events on June 30, 2021.

The Group engages in forward exchange transactions primarily to hedge the exchange rate risk arising from changes in foreign exchange rates in its operations, but no hedge accounting is applied.

C. The Group has not pledged any financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.

D. For related credit risk information, please refer to Note 12,(2) Financial Instruments.

(3) Financial Assets at Fair Value through other Comprehensive Income or Loss - Current

| | <u>June 30, 2021</u> | <u>December 31, 2020</u> | <u>June 30, 2020</u> |
|---|----------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|
| Equity instrument | | | |
| Domestic listed stocks | \$ 150,030 | \$ 79,609 | \$ 79,609 |
| Financial asset valuation adjustment | (19,706) | (15,086) | (23,472) |
| | <u>\$ 130,324</u> | <u>\$ 64,523</u> | <u>\$ 56,137</u> |

A. The Group has chosen to invest in equity instruments that are strategic investments. Investments are classified as financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income or loss. The Group's maximum exposure to credit risk is its book value without taking into account collateral held or other credit enhancements.

B. The breakdown of FVTOCI recognized in profit or loss and comprehensive income or loss is as follows:

| | <u>April to June of 2021</u> | <u>April to June of 2020</u> |
|--|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| <u>Equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income</u> | | |

| | | |
|--|------------|-----------|
| Changes in fair value recognized in other comprehensive income | (\$ 6,293) | \$ 18,637 |
|--|------------|-----------|

| | | |
|---|------|------------|
| Accumulated benefits are transferred to retained surplus due to delisting | \$ - | (\$ 8,753) |
|---|------|------------|

January to June of 2021 January to June of 2020

Equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income

| | | |
|--|------------|-------------|
| Changes in fair value recognized in other comprehensive income | (\$ 4,620) | (\$ 10,011) |
|--|------------|-------------|

| | | |
|---|------|------------|
| Accumulated benefits are transferred to retained surplus due to delisting | \$ - | (\$ 8,753) |
|---|------|------------|

C. The Group sold its equity investment in listed cabinets at a fair value of \$38,692 due to capital expenditures from January to June of 2020. The accumulated disposition benefit amounted to \$8,753, which was transferred to retained earnings.

D. As of June 30 2021, December 31 2020 and June 30 2020, the Group pledged financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, as described in Note 8, Pledged Assets.

E. For information on the credit risk of financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income or loss, please refer to Note 12, (2) Financial Instruments.

(4) Notes and Accounts Receivable - Net

| | <u>June 30, 2021</u> | <u>December 31, 2020</u> | <u>June 30, 2020</u> |
|------------------------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|
| Notes Receivable | <u>\$ 367</u> | <u>\$ 154</u> | <u>\$ -</u> |
| Other Installment Notes Receivable | <u>\$ 55,200</u> | <u>\$ 55,200</u> | <u>\$ 55,200</u> |
| Accounts Receivable | \$ 440,794 | \$ 273,675 | \$ 131,908 |
| Less: Loss Allowance | (23) | (23) | (26) |
| | <u>\$ 440,771</u> | <u>\$ 273,652</u> | <u>\$ 131,882</u> |

A. The aging analysis of Notes and Accounts Receivable (including related parties) is as follows:

| | <u>June 30, 2021</u> | | <u>December 31, 2020</u> | |
|-------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|
| | <u>Notes Receivable</u> | <u>Accounts Receivable</u> | <u>Notes Receivable</u> | <u>Accounts Receivable</u> |
| Not Past Due | \$ 55,567 | \$ 448,234 | \$ 55,354 | \$ 300,280 |
| Within 60 days past due | - | 66,316 | - | 11,180 |
| 61-180 days past due | - | - | - | 169 |
| | <u>\$ 55,567</u> | <u>\$ 514,550</u> | <u>\$ 55,354</u> | <u>\$ 311,629</u> |

| | June 30, 2020 | |
|-------------------------|------------------|---------------------|
| | Notes Receivable | Accounts Receivable |
| Not Past Due | \$ 55,200 | \$ 132,903 |
| Within 60 days past due | - | 14,206 |
| 61-180 days past due | - | 1,557 |
| 181-365 days past due | - | - |
| | <u>\$ 55,200</u> | <u>\$ 148,666</u> |

The above is an aging analysis based on the number of overdue days.

- B. As of June 30, 2021, December 31, 2020 and June 30, 2020, the balances of Notes Receivable and Accounts Receivable were generated from customer contracts, and the balance of accounts receivable from customer contracts was \$116,779 as of January 1, 2020.
- C. As of June 30, 2021, December 31, 2020 and June 30, 2020, the Group did not hold any collaterals as guarantees for Notes and Accounts Receivable.
- D. Please refer to Note 12, (2) for the credit risk information of the related Notes and Accounts Receivable.
- E. As of June 30, 2021, December 31, 2020 and June 30, 2020, the Group had not pledged any Notes and Accounts Receivable as collateral.

(5) Inventories

| | June 30, 2021 | | |
|-----------------|-------------------|--|-------------------|
| | Cost | Allowance to reduce Inventory to market | Book Value |
| Raw Materials | \$ 71,829 | (\$ 10,175) | \$ 61,654 |
| Supplies | 2,022 | - | 2,022 |
| Work in Process | 200,874 | (17,558) | 183,316 |
| Finished Goods | <u>80,211</u> | <u>(3,061)</u> | <u>77,150</u> |
| | <u>\$ 354,936</u> | <u>(\$ 30,794)</u> | <u>\$ 324,142</u> |

| | December 31, 2020 | | |
|-----------------|-------------------|--|-------------------|
| | Cost | Allowance to reduce inventory to market | Book Value |
| Raw Materials | \$ 68,154 | (\$ 9,255) | \$ 58,899 |
| Supplies | 1,933 | - | 1,933 |
| Work in Process | 143,824 | (15,403) | 128,421 |
| Finished Goods | <u>62,343</u> | <u>(2,390)</u> | <u>59,953</u> |
| | <u>\$ 276,254</u> | <u>(\$ 27,048)</u> | <u>\$ 249,206</u> |

| | June 30, 2020 | | |
|-----------------|-------------------|--|-------------------|
| | Cost | Allowance to reduce Inventory to market s | Book Value |
| Raw Materials | \$ 84,777 | (\$ 3,010) | \$ 81,767 |
| Supplies | 1,805 | - | 1,805 |
| Work in Process | 164,057 | (8,800) | 155,257 |
| Finished Goods | <u>42,940</u> | <u>(1,307)</u> | <u>41,633</u> |
| | <u>\$ 293,579</u> | <u>(\$ 13,117)</u> | <u>\$ 280,462</u> |

The cost of inventories recognized as losses by the Corporate Group.

| | <u>April to June of 2021</u> | <u>April to June of 2020</u> |
|---|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Cost Of Goods Sold | \$ 691,951 | \$ 221,770 |
| Inventory Valuation and Obsolescence Losses | 2,659 | - |
| Gain or Loss on Physical Inventory | (119) | 1 |
| Revenue from Sale of Scraps | <u>(4,700)</u> | <u>(2,707)</u> |
| Total Cost Of Goods Sold | <u>\$ 689,791</u> | <u>\$ 219,064</u> |
| | <u>January to June of 2021</u> | <u>January to June of 2020</u> |
| Cost Of Goods Sold | \$ 1,167,784 | \$ 469,238 |
| Inventory Valuation and Obsolescence Losses | 3,746 | - |
| loss on Physical Inventory | 2 | 207 |
| Revenue from Sale of Scraps | <u>(11,120)</u> | <u>(4,953)</u> |
| Total Cost Of Goods Sold | <u>\$ 1,160,412</u> | <u>\$ 464,492</u> |

(6) Financial Assets or Financial Liability at Fair Value through Profit or Loss - Non-current

| Items | <u>June 30, 2021</u> | <u>December 31, 2020</u> | <u>June 30, 2020</u> |
|---|----------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|
| Financial asset at fair value through profit or loss | | | |
| Right of Repurchase of Corporate Bonds | \$ - | \$ 32 | \$ - |
| Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss | | | |
| Right of Repurchase of Corporate Bonds | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 271 |

The Group recognized net gains(losses) of \$- and \$582 and (\$32) and \$351 for April to June of 2021 and 2020 and January to June of 2021 and 2020, respectively (listed as "Other Gains and Losses" in the table).

(7) Property, Plant and Equipment

| | Land | Buildings | Equipment | Transportation equipment | Office equipment | Leasehold improvements | Other Equipment | Unfinished construction and equipment under acceptance | Total |
|--|-------------------|------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|---|-------------------|
| <u>January 1, 2021</u> | | | | | | | | | |
| Cost | \$ 166,931 | \$ 147,841 | \$ 524,967 | \$ 16,437 | \$ 15,549 | \$ 127,093 | \$ 172,449 | \$ - | \$ 1,171,267 |
| Accumulated Depreciation | - | (64,512) | (304,640) | (7,921) | (13,170) | (84,917) | (108,978) | - | (584,138) |
| Cumulative Impairment | - | - | (1,395) | - | (1,022) | (4,651) | (442) | - | (7,510) |
| | <u>\$ 166,931</u> | <u>\$ 83,329</u> | <u>\$ 218,932</u> | <u>\$ 8,516</u> | <u>\$ 1,357</u> | <u>\$ 37,525</u> | <u>\$ 63,029</u> | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ 579,619</u> |
| <u>January to June of 2021</u> | | | | | | | | | |
| January 1 | \$ 166,931 | \$ 83,329 | \$ 218,932 | \$ 8,516 | \$ 1,357 | \$ 37,525 | \$ 63,029 | \$ - | \$ 579,619 |
| Add - Cost | - | - | 32,914 | 2,010 | 586 | 739 | 4,333 | - | 40,582 |
| Transfer In of Prepaid Equipment Cost | - | - | 35,211 | - | - | - | - | 12,165 | 47,376 |
| Depreciation Expense | - | (1,953) | (10,885) | (864) | (167) | (3,066) | (9,739) | - | (26,674) |
| Disposal-Cost | - | - | (775) | - | - | - | - | - | (775) |
| Disposal- Accumulated Depreciation | - | - | 86 | - | - | - | - | - | 86 |

| | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|-------------------|------------------|-------------------|-----------------|-----------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| June 30 | <u>\$ 166,931</u> | <u>\$ 81,376</u> | <u>\$ 275,483</u> | <u>\$ 9,662</u> | <u>\$ 1,776</u> | <u>\$ 35,198</u> | <u>\$ 57,623</u> | <u>\$ 12,165</u> | <u>\$ 640,214</u> |
| <u>June 30, 2021</u> | | | | | | | | | |
| Cost | \$ 166,931 | \$ 147,841 | \$ 592,317 | \$ 18,447 | \$ 16,135 | \$ 127,832 | \$ 176,782 | \$ 12,165 | \$ 1,258,450 |
| Accumulated Depreciation | - | (66,465) | (315,439) | (8,765) | (13,337) | (87,983) | (118,717) | - | (610,726) |
| Cumulative Impairment | - | - | (1,395) | - | (1,022) | (4,651) | (442) | - | (7,510) |
| | <u>\$ 166,931</u> | <u>\$ 81,376</u> | <u>\$ 275,483</u> | <u>\$ 9,662</u> | <u>\$ 1,776</u> | <u>\$ 35,198</u> | <u>\$ 57,623</u> | <u>\$ 12,165</u> | <u>\$ 640,214</u> |

| | Land | Buildings | Equipment | Transportation equipment | Office equipment | Leasehold improvements | Other Equipment | Total |
|----------------------------------|------------------|------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|------------------|------------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| <u>January 1, 2020</u> | | | | | | | | |
| Cost | \$ 92,904 | \$ 77,269 | \$ 526,067 | \$ 10,407 | \$ 14,999 | \$ 125,742 | \$ 171,316 | \$ 1,018,704 |
| Accumulated Depreciation | - | (61,257) | (283,536) | (6,944) | (12,879) | (78,886) | (86,051) | (529,553) |
| Cumulative Impairment | - | - | (1,395) | - | (1,022) | (4,651) | (442) | (7,510) |
| | <u>\$ 92,904</u> | <u>\$ 16,012</u> | <u>\$ 241,136</u> | <u>\$ 3,463</u> | <u>\$ 1,098</u> | <u>\$ 42,205</u> | <u>\$ 84,823</u> | <u>\$ 481,641</u> |
| <u>January to June of 2020</u> | | | | | | | | |
| January 1 | \$ 92,904 | \$ 16,012 | \$ 241,136 | \$ 3,463 | \$ 1,098 | \$ 42,205 | \$ 84,823 | \$ 481,641 |
| Add - Cost | - | - | 570 | 4,195 | 532 | 588 | 588 | 7,157 |
| Transfer In of Prepaid Equipment | | | | | | | | |
| Cost | | - | 121 | - | - | - | - | 121 |
| Depreciation Expense | - | (1,291) | (11,049) | (392) | (133) | (3,010) | (13,264) | (29,139) |
| Acquired by Business Combination | 74,027 | 70,572 | - | 2,077 | - | - | 8 | 146,684 |

| | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------|-------------------|------------------|-------------------|-----------------|-----------------|------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| Disposal - Cost | - | - | (3,324) | (257) | - | - | (584) | (4,165) |
| Disposal- | | | | | | | | |
| Accumulated | | | | | | | | |
| Depreciation | | - | 378 | 198 | - | - | 216 | 792 |
| June 30 | <u>\$ 166,931</u> | <u>\$ 85,293</u> | <u>\$ 227,832</u> | <u>\$ 9,284</u> | <u>\$ 1,497</u> | <u>\$ 39,783</u> | <u>\$ 72,471</u> | <u>\$ 603,091</u> |
| June 30, 2020 | | | | | | | | |
| Cost | \$ 166,931 | \$ 147,841 | \$ 523,434 | \$ 16,422 | \$ 15,531 | \$ 126,330 | \$ 172,012 | \$ 1,168,501 |
| Accumulated | | | | | | | | |
| Depreciation | - | (62,548) | (294,207) | (7,138) | (13,012) | (81,896) | (99,099) | (557,900) |
| Cumulative | | | | | | | | |
| Impairment | - | - | (1,395) | - | (1,022) | (4,651) | (442) | (7,510) |
| | <u>\$ 166,931</u> | <u>\$ 85,293</u> | <u>\$ 227,832</u> | <u>\$ 9,284</u> | <u>\$ 1,497</u> | <u>\$ 39,783</u> | <u>\$ 72,471</u> | <u>\$ 603,091</u> |

- A. As of June 30, 2021, December 31, 2020 and June 30, 2020, the Group's property, plant and equipment were assets for own use.
- B. The Group did not capitalize any borrowing costs from January to June 2021 and 2020.
- C. On September 26, 2019, the Board of Directors approved the sale of certain machinery and equipment, office equipment, leasehold improvements, other equipment and other non-current assets of the Tainan plant with low capacity utilization - other. In December 2019, the Company entered into a sales and purchase agreement with E-Shen Steel Co. The disposal price was \$163,238 and the gain on disposal was \$18,439 in December 2019. As of June 30, 2021, December 31, 2020 and June 30, 2020, the outstanding balance was shown as "Other Notes Receivable" of \$55,200, \$55,200 and \$55,200, respectively, and "Long-Term Notes and Accounts Receivable" of \$23,000, \$50,600, and \$78,200, respectively.
- D. Information on the pledge of property, plant and equipment by the Group is described in Note 8.
- E. Please refer to Note 6, (12) for the accumulated impairment loss on non-financial assets.

(8) Leasing arrangements - lessee

- A. The subject assets of the Group's leases are buildings and business vehicles, and the lease contracts are usually for periods ranging from 2 to 10 years. Lease agreements are individually negotiated and contain various terms and conditions without any special restrictions.
- B. The lease period of the Group's leased vehicles does not exceed 12 months, and the leased assets with low value are air cleaners, etc.
- C. The book value of right-of-use assets and the depreciation charge are as follows:

| | June 30, 2021 | December 31, 2020 | June 30, 2020 |
|---------------------|------------------|-------------------|------------------|
| | Book value | Book value | Book value |
| Buildings | \$ 96,267 | \$ 5,783 | \$ 9,439 |
| Transport Equipment | 2,402 | 2,652 | 3,743 |
| | <u>\$ 98,669</u> | <u>\$ 8,435</u> | <u>\$ 13,182</u> |

| | <u>April to June of 2021</u> | <u>April to June of 2020</u> |
|---------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| | <u>Depreciation expense</u> | <u>Depreciation expense</u> |
| Buildings | \$ 2,376 | \$ 2,200 |
| Transport Equipment | 356 | 174 |
| | <u>\$ 2,732</u> | <u>\$ 2,374</u> |

| | <u>January to June of 2021</u> | <u>January to June of 2020</u> |
|---------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| | <u>Depreciation expense</u> | <u>Depreciation expense</u> |
| Buildings | \$ 4,751 | \$ 4,303 |
| Transport Equipment | 719 | 305 |
| | <u>\$ 5,470</u> | <u>\$ 4,608</u> |

- D. The additions to the Group's right-of-use assets were \$95,704 and \$315 and \$95,704 and

\$2,063 for April to June of 2021 and 2020 and January to June of 2021 and 2020, respectively.

E. The information on profit or loss items related to lease contracts is as follows:

| | <u>April to June of 2021</u> | <u>April to June of 2020</u> |
|--|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| <u>Items affecting current profit and loss</u> | | |
| Interest expenses on lease liabilities | \$ 22 | \$ 54 |
| Expenses for short-term lease contracts | 842 | 822 |
| Lease of low-value assets | 8 | 64 |
| | <u>January to June of 2021</u> | <u>January to June of 2020</u> |
| <u>Items affecting current profit and loss</u> | | |
| Interest expenses on lease liabilities | \$ 54 | \$ 109 |
| Expenses for short-term lease contracts | 1,684 | 1,719 |
| Lease of low-value assets | 15 | 161 |

F. The Group's total rental cash outflows for January to June of 2021 and 2020 were \$7,424 and \$6,519, respectively.

(9) Investment property- net

| | |
|--------------------------------------|------------------|
| | <u>Land</u> |
| <u>January 1 and June 30 of 2021</u> | |
| Cost | <u>\$ 31,002</u> |
| | <u>Land</u> |
| <u>January 1, 2020</u> | |
| Cost | <u>\$ -</u> |
| <u>January to June, 2020</u> | |
| January 1 | \$ - |
| Acquired by business combination | <u>31,002</u> |
| June 30 | <u>\$ 31,002</u> |
| <u>June 30, 2020</u> | |
| Cost | <u>\$ 31,002</u> |

A. The fair value of investment properties held by the Group's was \$62,525 and \$62,525 and \$31,002 as of June 30, 2021 and December 31 and June 30, 2020, which was evaluated based on the recorded amount of real estate transactions in the neighboring areas and was determined to be Level 2 fair value.

B. As of June 30, 2021, December 31 and June 30, 2020, the Group's had no pledge of its investment properties.

(10) Non-current assets held for sale

As of June 3, 2020, the Company and Taiwan Styrene Monomer Corporation (hereinafter referred to as "TSMC") signed a purchase and sale agreement for acquiring the equity of Yung Fu Co., Ltd. (hereinafter referred to as "Yung Fu"), in which the TSMC promised the equity investment held by Yung Fu was bought back by TSMC or its affiliates before August 15, 2020. Therefore, Yung Fu sold the equity investment held through other comprehensive profit and loss by the resolution of the board of directors on June 19, 2020. Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income or loss-non-current and investments of equity-method, and the related assets were classified as non-current assets held for sale. The transaction was completed in July 2020. The non-current assets to be sold are part of the business combination and should be measured at fair value less cost of sale. The details are as follows:

| | <u>June 30, 2020</u> |
|---|----------------------|
| Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income or loss - non-current | \$ 32,278 |
| Investment of equity-method | <u>9,287</u> |
| | <u>\$ 41,565</u> |

(11) Intangible Assets

| | <u>Computer software</u> | <u>Goodwill</u> | <u>Total</u> |
|---|--------------------------|------------------|------------------|
| <u>January 1, 2021</u> | | | |
| Cost | \$ 468 | \$ 19,003 | \$ 19,471 |
| Accumulated amortization and impairment | <u>(49)</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>(49)</u> |
| | <u>\$ 419</u> | <u>\$ 19,003</u> | <u>\$ 19,422</u> |
| <u>January to June of 2021</u> | | | |
| January 1 | \$ 419 | \$ 19,003 | \$ 19,422 |
| Add-Derived separately | 26 | - | 26 |
| Amortization expense | <u>(51)</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>(51)</u> |
| June 30 | <u>\$ 394</u> | <u>\$ 19,003</u> | <u>\$ 19,397</u> |
| <u>June 30, 2021</u> | | | |
| Cost | \$ 494 | \$ 19,003 | \$ 19,497 |
| Accumulated amortization | <u>(100)</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>(100)</u> |
| | <u>\$ 394</u> | <u>\$ 19,003</u> | <u>\$ 19,397</u> |
| | | | <u>Goodwill</u> |
| <u>January 1, 2020</u> | | | |
| Cost | | | <u>\$ -</u> |
| <u>January to June of 2020</u> | | | |
| January 1 | | | \$ - |
| Add-Business combination | | | <u>19,003</u> |

| | |
|---------|------------------|
| June 30 | <u>\$ 19,003</u> |
|---------|------------------|

June 30, 2020

| | |
|------|------------------|
| Cost | <u>\$ 19,003</u> |
|------|------------------|

For the intangible assets acquired by the Group's as a result of a business combination on June 30, 2020 is described in Note 6, (32) business combination.

(12) Impairment of non-financial assets

The Group's did not recognize or reverse any impairment loss from January to June, 2021 and 2020. As of June 30, 2021, December 31, 2020 and June 30, 2020, the accumulated impairment loss recognized on the Group's non-financial assets was \$7,510.

(13) Short-term loans

| Type of borrowings | June 30, 2021 | Interest Rate | Collateral |
|--------------------------|-------------------|-----------------|--|
| Guaranteed bank loans \$ | 321,554 | 0.92% ~ 1.65% | Demand deposits, time deposits, land, buildings and construction |
| Unsecured bank loans | <u>201,005</u> | 1.224% ~ 2.165% | None |
| | <u>\$ 522,559</u> | | |

| Type of borrowings | December 31, 2020 | Range of interest rate | Collateral |
|-------------------------|-------------------|------------------------|---|
| Guaranteed bank loan \$ | 317,343 | 0.91% ~ 2.09% | Demand deposits, time deposits, marketable securities, land, buildings and construction |
| Unsecured bank loans | <u>229,946</u> | 1.4% ~ 2.07% | None |
| | <u>\$ 547,289</u> | | |

| Type of borrowings | June 30, 2020 | Interest Rate | Collateral |
|--------------------------|-------------------|---------------|--|
| Guaranteed bank loans \$ | 381,997 | 0.91% ~ 2.09% | Demand deposits, time deposits, land, buildings and construction |
| Unsecured bank loans | <u>319,992</u> | 1.63% ~ 2.00% | None |
| | <u>\$ 701,989</u> | | |

The interest expense recognized in profit or loss from April to June 2021 and 2020, January to June 2021 and 2020 is described in Note 6, (27) Financial costs.

(14) Short-term notes and bills payable

| <u>Nature of borrowing</u> | <u>June 30, 2021</u> | <u>Interest Rate</u> | <u>Collateral</u> |
|----------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|-------------------|
|----------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|-------------------|

Commercial paper \$ 60,000 0.712% ~ 0.75% Repurchase of bonds and time deposits

| | | | |
|----------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| <u>Nature of borrowing</u> | <u>December 31, 2020</u> | <u>Range of interest rate</u> | <u>Collateral</u> |
| Commercial paper | \$ <u>60,000</u> | 0.732% ~ 0.75% | Repurchase of bonds and time deposits |

| | | | |
|----------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|---------------------|
| <u>Nature of borrowing</u> | <u>June 30, 2020</u> | <u>Interest Rate</u> | <u>Collateral</u> |
| Commercial paper | \$ <u>30,000</u> | 1.124% | Repurchase of bonds |

A. The above commercial paper payable is issued by Mega Bills Co., Ltd. under guarantee for short-term liquidity purposes.

B. Interest expense recognized in profit or loss from April to June 2021 and 2020, January to June 2021 and 2020 is described in Note 6, (27) Financial costs.

(15) Other payables

| | <u>June 30, 2021</u> | <u>December 31, 2020</u> | <u>June 30, 2020</u> |
|------------------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|
| Salary payable | \$ 31,875 | \$ 34,190 | \$ 24,050 |
| Processing fees payable | 19,162 | 12,244 | 6,892 |
| Packaging costs payable | 11,448 | 3,352 | 5,788 |
| Spare parts expenses payable | 10,582 | - | - |
| Die and mold payable | 5,839 | 5,735 | 4,784 |
| Utilities payable | 5,129 | 3,633 | 3,132 |
| Export fees payable | 3,597 | 1,773 | 1,598 |
| Consumables payable | 3,130 | 2,144 | 2,200 |
| Repair costs payable | 2,982 | 1,963 | 1,337 |
| Business tax payable | 679 | 3,894 | - |
| Others | <u>26,521</u> | <u>23,181</u> | <u>29,592</u> |
| | <u>\$ 120,944</u> | <u>\$ 92,109</u> | <u>\$ 79,373</u> |

(16) Bonds payable

| | <u>June 30, 2021</u> | <u>December 31, 2020</u> | <u>June 30, 2020</u> |
|---|----------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|
| Guaranteed convertible bonds | \$ 16,200 | \$ 71,400 | \$ 100,000 |
| Unsecured convertible bonds | <u>-</u> | <u>16,600</u> | <u>194,000</u> |
| | 16,200 | 88,000 | 294,000 |
| Less: Discount on bonds payable portion due within one year (listed as "Long-term liabilities due | (5,150) | (6,156) | (12,184) |
| | <u>(11,050)</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> |

within one year or one business cycle”)

| | | | | | |
|----|---|----|--------|----|---------|
| \$ | - | \$ | 81,844 | \$ | 281,816 |
|----|---|----|--------|----|---------|

A. In June 2019, the Company issued the second domestic secured convertible bonds and the third unsecured convertible bonds, the main terms of which are as follows:

- ① The conditions for the issuance of the second domestic secured convertible bonds are as follows.
 - a. The Company was approved by the competent authority to raise and issue the second domestic guaranteed convertible bonds with a total amount of \$100,000 (related issuance cost of \$1,667), with a coupon rate of 0% and a maturity period of 3 years from June 17, 2019 to June 17, 2022. The convertible bonds are repayable in cash at 101.51% of the face value of the bonds upon maturity.
 - b. From the day following the expiration of three months after the date of issuance of the Bonds (September 18, 2019) to the maturity date (June 17, 2022), the holders of the Bonds may request the conversion of the Bonds into common shares of the Company at any time, except during the period when the transfer of the Bonds is suspended in accordance with the regulations or the law, and the rights and obligations of the converted common shares shall be the same as those of the original issued common shares.
 - c. The conversion price of the convertible bonds is determined in accordance with the pricing model stipulated in relevant laws. If the conversion price is subsequently adjusted in accordance with the pricing model stipulated in the relevant laws due to the Company's anti-dilution policy, the conversion price will be reset in accordance with the pricing model stipulated in the relevant laws on the base date of the relevant laws, and will not be adjusted if it is higher than the conversion price before the reset in the current year.
 - d. In accordance with the provisions of the relevant laws and regulations, all bonds repossessed (including those bought back through the TPEx), repaid or converted by the Company will be cancelled, and all rights and obligations attached to the bonds will be extinguished and will not be issued.
 - e. Entie Commercial Bank, Ltd. (hereinafter referred to as the "Guarantor Bank") was appointed as the guarantor bank for the converted bonds. The guarantee period is from the date of full collection of the bonds to the date of full payment of the principal and interest payable under the Plan, and the guarantee covers the outstanding principal and interest compensation payable under the Plan, which are subordinate to the principal debt.
- ② The conditions for the issuance of the Company's third domestic unsecured convertible bonds are as follows:
 - a. The Company was approved by the competent authority to raise and issue the third domestic unsecured convertible bonds with a total amount of \$200,000 (related issuance cost of \$3,333), with a coupon rate of 0% and a maturity period of 3 years from June 18, 2019 to June 18, 2022. The convertible bonds are repayable in cash at 102.27% of the face value of the bonds upon maturity.
 - b. From the day following the expiration of three months after the date of issuance of the Bonds (September 19, 2019) to the maturity date (June 18, 2022), the holders of the Bonds may request the conversion of the Bonds into common shares of the Company at any time, except during the period when the transfer

of the Bonds is suspended in accordance with the regulations or the law, and the rights and obligations of the converted common shares shall be the same as those of the original issued common shares.

- c. The conversion price of the convertible bonds is determined in accordance with the pricing model stipulated in relevant laws. If the conversion price is subsequently adjusted in accordance with the pricing model stipulated in the relevant laws due to the Company's anti-dilution policy, the conversion price will be reset in accordance with the pricing model stipulated in the relevant laws on the base date of the relevant laws, and will not be adjusted if it is higher than the conversion price before the reset in the current year.
 - d. If the closing price of the Company's common stock exceeds the prevailing conversion price by more than 30% for 30 consecutive business days from the day after the conversion bond is issued for three months (September 19, 2019) to 40 days prior to the expiration of the issuance period (May 9, 2022), the Company may redeem all of the bonds at their face value in cash within 30 business days thereafter. If the outstanding balance of the convertible bonds is less than 10% of the original issue amount from the day following the third month of issuance (September 19, 2019) to 40 days prior to the expiration of the issuance period (May 9, 2022), the Company may, at any time thereafter, redeem all of the bonds in cash at their face value. From January to June, 2020, the Company purchased \$600 of the convertible bonds from TPEX. When the Company repurchased the convertible bonds from the TPEX, the purchase price (including transaction costs) of \$513 was allocated to the liability and equity components in accordance with IAS 32, "Financial Instruments: Presentation". The difference between the amount apportioned to the liability component and its carrying amount was recognized in profit or loss (\$26) (listed in "Other Gains and Losses"), and the difference between the amount apportioned to the equity component and its carrying amount was recognized in "Capital Reserve-Treasury Stock Transactions" at NT\$60 and reversed in "Capital Reserve-Stock Options" at \$20. There were no such events from January to June of 2021.
 - e. In accordance with the provisions of the relevant laws and regulations, all bonds repossessed (including those bought back through the TPEX), repaid or converted by the Company will be cancelled, and all rights and obligations attached to the bonds will be extinguished and will not be issued.
- B. The company's conversion of corporate bonds with a par value of \$63,800 from January to June 2021 has been converted into 3,542 thousand shares of ordinary shares, and the same as of December 31, 2020, the conversion of corporate bonds with a face value of \$182,500 has been requested to convert into common shares of 9,656 thousand shares has not yet been completed. In the registration part, a total of 13,198 thousand ordinary shares were converted. The base date of capital increase was May 6, 2021. (listed "Capital-Common Stock" \$131,981 and "Capital Reserve-Issuance Premium" \$28,514 and "Capital Reserve-Share Options" \$1,119). Another denomination of \$8,000 is requested to be converted into 444 thousand ordinary shares, but the change registration has not yet been completed (listed "Bond Conversion Rights Certificate" \$4,444 and "Capital Reserve-Issuance Premium" \$3,653, and the "Capital Reserve-Share Options" \$98). There were no such events from January to June of 2020.
- C. Upon the issuance of convertible bonds, the Company separated the conversion rights of equity from the components of liabilities in accordance with IAS 32, "Financial

Instruments: Presentation," and recorded "Capital Reserve-Share Options " at \$7,810. As of June 30, 2021, December 31, 2020 and June 30, 2020, the balances of the above "Capital Reserve-Share Options" were \$195, \$1,412 and \$7,612, respectively, after the repurchase of bonds and the exercise of conversion rights by creditors in accordance with the conversion method. In accordance with IFRS 9, "Financial Instruments", the embedded repurchase and resale rights are separated from the economic characteristics and risks of the principal debt instruments and are recorded as "Financial Assets or Liabilities at Fair Value through Profit or Loss - non-current" on the net basis. The effective interest rate of the master contract debt after the separation was 2.57%.

D. Interest expense recognized in profit or loss for April to June, 2021 and 2020, January to June, 2021 and 2020 is described in Note 6, (27), Financial costs.

(17) Long-term loans

| <u>Nature of borrowing</u> | <u>Maturity Date Range</u> | <u>Interest Rate</u> | <u>June 30, 2021</u> | <u>Collateral</u> |
|---|----------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------------------|
| Guaranteed bank loans | 2021.12.25~2025.10.25 | 1.56% ~ 1.71% | \$ 50,531 | Land, Building & Construction |
| Unsecured bank loans | 2021.10.31 | 1.90% | 3,333 | None |
| | | | 53,864 | |
| Less: Portion due within one year or one business cycle | | | (26,296) | |
| | | | <u>\$ 27,568</u> | |

| <u>Naure of borrowing</u> | <u>Maturity Date Range</u> | <u>Interest Rate</u> | <u>December 31, 2020</u> | <u>Collateral</u> |
|---|----------------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|--|
| Guaranteed bank loans | 2021.12.25~2025.11.2 | 1.34% ~ 1.98% | \$ 312,644 | Demand deposits, marketable securities, land, buildings and construction |
| Unsecured bank loans | 2021.4.8~2022.3.4 | 1.55% ~ 2.62% | 37,333 | None |
| | | | 349,977 | |
| Less: Portion due within one year or one business cycle | | | (77,523) | |
| | | | <u>\$ 272,454</u> | |

| <u>Nature of borrowing</u> | <u>Maturity Date Range</u> | <u>Interest Rate</u> | <u>June 30, 2020</u> | <u>Collateral</u> |
|---|----------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------------------|
| Guaranteed bank loans | 2021.12.25~2026.3.12 | 1.56% ~ 1.71% | \$ 76,346 | Land, Building & Construction |
| Unsecured bank loans | 2021.10.31~2022.3.4 | 1.80% ~ 2.56% | 60,333 | None |
| | | | 136,679 | |
| Less: Portion due within one year or one business cycle | | | (67,793) | |
| | | | <u>\$ 68,886</u> | |

The interest expense recognized in profit or loss from April to June 2021 and 2020, January to June 2021 and 2020 is described in Note 6, (27) Financial Costs.

(18) Pensions

A. In accordance with the "Labor Standards Act", the Company and its subsidiaries have defined benefit pension plans that apply to all regular employees' years of service prior to the implementation of "Labor Pension Act" on July 1, 2005, and to employees who elect to continue to be subject to the Labor Standards Act for subsequent years of service after the implementation of "Labor Pension Act". For employees who meet the retirement requirements, pension payments are calculated based on the length of service and the average salary for the six months prior to retirement, with 2 bases for each year of service up to and including 15 years and one base for each year of service over 15 years, up to a maximum of 45 bases. The Company and its subsidiaries contribute 2% of salaries and wages to a monthly pension fund, which is deposited in the Bank of Taiwan in the name of the Labor Pension Fund Supervisory Committee (except that the Company suspended the contribution to the Labor Pension Fund until March 31, 2022, as approved by the competent authority). Also, the Company and its domestic subsidiaries would assess the balance in the aforementioned labor pension reserve account by December 31, every year. If the account balance is not sufficient to pay the pension calculated by the aforementioned method to the employees expected to qualify for retirement in the following year, the Company and its domestic subsidiaries will make contribution for the deficit by the end of March of the following fiscal year. Information regarding the above defined benefit retirement plan is disclosed below:

- ① From April to June, 2021 and 2010, January to June, 2021 and 2010, the Group recognized pension costs of \$- in accordance with the above pension plan.
- ② The Group's estimated contribution to the retirement plan for the next year is \$1.

B. Effective July 1, 2005, the Group has established a "Defined contribution pension plan" in accordance with the "Labor Pension Act", which is applicable to employees of the Company. Under the New Plan, the Company contributes monthly an amount not less than 6% of the employees' monthly salaries and wages to the employees' individual pension accounts at the Bureau of Labor Insurance. The benefits accrued are paid monthly or in lump sum upon termination of employment. The Group recognized pension costs of \$1,999 and \$1,182 and \$3,865 and \$2,505 from April to June of 2021 and 2020, January to June of 2021 and 2020, respectively, based on the above pension plan.

(19) Share capital

A. A reconciliation of the number of outstanding shares of the Company's common stock at the beginning and end of the period is as follows: (in thousands of shares)

| | <u>January to June of 2021</u> | <u>January to June of 2020</u> |
|---|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Number of shares at the beginning of the period | 42,379 | 41,136 |
| Issuance of common stock for cash | 20,000 | - |
| Conversion of corporate bonds | 13,198 | - |

| | | |
|------------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Repurchase of treasury stock | - (| 1,524) |
| Ending balance | <u>75,577</u> | <u>39,612</u> |

B. Treasury stock

- ① Reasons for repurchase of shares and changes in the quantity: (Unit: thousands of shares)

| Reasons for buyback | January to June of 2020 | | | Number of shares at the end of the period |
|------------------------------|---|----------|----------|---|
| | Number of shares at the beginning of the period | Increase | Decrease | |
| Transfer shares to employees | - | 1,524 | - | 1,524 |

- ② The Securities and Exchange Act stipulates that the percentage of the Company's repurchase of outstanding shares shall not exceed 10% of the Company's total issued shares, and the total value of shares purchased shall not exceed the retained earnings plus the premium of issued shares and the amount of realized capital reserve.
- ③ The shares bought back by the Company in accordance with the Securities and Exchange Act shall not be pledged. Before transfer, shareholders are not entitled to the shareholders' rights.
- ④ In accordance with the Securities and Exchange Act, shares bought back for transfer to employees shall be transferred within five years from the date of purchase; if the shares are not transferred after the expiration date, they shall be considered as unissued shares of the Company and shall be registered for cancellation.
- ⑤ The amount of treasury stock repurchased from January to June of 2020 was \$22,390 (1,524 thousand shares). As of June 30, 2020, the balance of the Company's treasury stock was \$22,390 after the repurchase and transfer of treasury stock.

There were no such events from January to June of 2021.

- C. On August 12, 2020, the Board of Directors approved the issuance of 20,000 thousand shares of common stock at a premium of NT\$32.5 per share, and the total amount of the capital increase was \$650,000, less the related issuance costs of \$1,650. The actual net cash capital increase was \$648,350, and the base date of the capital increase was January 20, 2021.
- D. Please refer to Note 6, (16) for the conversion of bonds payable from January to June, 2021 and 2020.
- E. As of June 30, 2021, the Company's total authorized capital was \$4,000,000 (\$96,000 of the total shares were reserved for conversion of employee stock options) and the paid-in capital was \$755,774, divided into 75,577 thousand shares of NT\$10 each. All proceeds from shares issued have been collected.

(20) Paid-in Capital in Excess of Par

| | January to June of 2021 | | | | |
|---|-------------------------|---------------------------|--|------------------|-------------------|
| | Issuance Premium | Trading of treasury stock | The difference between the actual acquisition or disposal of equity in a subsidiary and its book value | Stock option | Total |
| January 1 | \$ 183,713 | \$ 6,741 | \$ 1,177 | \$ 11,457 | \$ 203,088 |
| Issuance of common stock for cash | 448,350 | - | - | - | 448,350 |
| Conversion of bonds into capital stock | 32,167 | - | - | (1,217) | 30,950 |
| Employee Stock Options Compensation Costs | - | - | - | 2,158 | 2,158 |
| Changes in ownership interests in subsidiaries recognized | - | - | 1,740 | - | 1,740 |
| June 30 | <u>\$ 664,230</u> | <u>\$ 6,741</u> | <u>\$ 2,917</u> | <u>\$ 12,398</u> | <u>\$ 686,286</u> |

| | January to June of 2020 | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------|------------------|
| | Issuance Premium | Trading of treasury stock | Gain on disposal of assets | Stock option | Total |
| January 1 | \$ 98,819 | \$ 115 | \$ 5,110 | \$ 7,632 | \$ 111,676 |
| Repurchase of convertible bonds | - | 60 | - | (20) | 40 |
| Capital reserve to make up for losses | (12,434) | - | (5,110) | - | (17,544) |
| June 30 | <u>\$ 86,385</u> | <u>\$ 175</u> | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ 7,612</u> | <u>\$ 94,172</u> |

A. In accordance with the Company Act, any capital reserve arising from paid-in capital in excess of the par value on issuance of common stocks and donations can be used to cover accumulated deficit or to issue new stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership, provided that the Company has no accumulated deficit. Further, the Securities and Exchange Act requires that the amount of capital surplus to be capitalized, as above, should not exceed 10% of paid-in capital each year. Capital reserves should not be used to cover accumulated deficit unless the legal reserve is insufficient.

B. For "Capital Reserve-Treasury Stock Transactions" and "Capital Reserve-Stock Options", please refer to Note 6, (16) Bonds payable and Note 6, (19) Share capital.

(21) Share-based payment to employees

On October 21, 2020, the Company issued 3,000 units of employee compensation stock options at a price of NT\$21.6 per unit, which is based on the closing price of the Company's common stock on the date of issuance, and the number of shares of common stock to be subscribed per unit of stock options is 1,000. If there is a change in the shares of the Company's common stock after the issuance of the stock options, the price is adjusted according to a specific formula. As of June 30, 2021, the subscription price for employee

stock options has been adjusted to NT\$20.6. The stock options issued are valid for a period of 5 years, and employees may exercise their stock options in annual installments after 2 years of employment from the issuance date in accordance with the Employee Stock Option Regulations. The compensation cost of the Company's compensated employee stock options recognized from January to June 2021 (relative to the item listed as "Capital Reserve-Employee Stock Options") was \$1,152. There were no such events from January to June of 2020.

- A. The number of options and the weighted-average exercise price of the stock option plan for compensated employees from January to June 2021 are disclosed as follows.

| | | January to June of 2021 | |
|---|----------------|--|------|
| Share Options | Number (units) | Weighted average exercise price (NT\$) | |
| Outstanding at the beginning and end of the period | 3,000 | \$ | 20.6 |
| Options exercisable at the end of the period | - | | - |
| Options approved and outstanding at the end of the period | - | | - |

- B. The fair value of the Company's stock option plan was estimated using the Black-Scholes option valuation model, and the related information is as follows.

| | |
|---------------------------------|------------------|
| Date of granting | October 21, 2020 |
| Stock Price (NT\$) | \$ 21.35 |
| Performance Price (NT\$) | 21.60 |
| Dividend Rate | 0% |
| Expected price volatility | 27.97% |
| Risk-free interest rate | 0.2285% |
| Expected duration | 5 years |
| Fair value per unit (per share) | NT\$5.24 |

Under the stock option plan granted to employees on October 21, 2020, 913 thousand shares were granted to employees of the subsidiary over a three year period. Therefore, the subsidiary recognized compensation cost (corresponding to the item listed as "Capital Reserve-Employee Stock Options") of \$1,006 from January to June 2021. There were no such events from January to June of 2020.

(22) Retained earnings

- A. Legal reserve may not be used except to offset losses or to issue new shares or cash in proportion to the shareholders' original shares, provided that the amount of new shares or cash issued shall be limited to the portion of the reserve that exceeds 25% of the paid-in capital.
- B. In accordance with the Company's Articles of Incorporation, if there is any surplus in the Company's annual accounts, the Company shall first pay taxes and make up for

accumulated deficits, and then set aside 10% as legal reserve (except when the legal reserve has already reached the total capital), and the remainder, in addition to dividends, shall be distributed as dividends to shareholders if there is any surplus. The Company's dividend policy is based on the Company's future capital budget plan to measure the capital requirements for future years, and the remaining earnings will be distributed in the form of cash dividends only after the Company has decided to use retained earnings to meet the capital requirements. The Board of Directors shall prepare a proposal for the distribution of earnings in accordance with the order and rate of distribution of earnings as provided for in these Articles of Incorporation, and the proposal shall be approved by the shareholders' meeting.

The Company considers a balanced and stable dividend policy and, depending on the demand for investment capital and the dilution of earnings per share, dividends to shareholders should be 50% to 100% of accumulated distributable earnings and should be paid in the form of appropriate stock dividends or cash dividends, with cash dividends to be distributed at no less than 50% of shareholders' dividends.

C. Special reserve

- ① When the Company distributes earnings, the Company is required by law to set aside a special reserve for the debit balance of other equity items as of the balance sheet date of the year in order to distribute the earnings.
- ② When the Company first adopted IFRSs, the special reserve of NT\$7,745 was provided for in accordance with FSC No. 1010012865 dated April 6, 2012. When the Company subsequently uses, disposes of or reclassifies the related assets, the Company reverses the percentage of the special reserve originally provided for.

D. On June 11, 2020, the shareholders' meeting resolved not to distribute earnings because there was no profit in the final accounts of 2019, and the legal reserve of \$5,409 was used to cover the deficit. On July 2, 2021, the Board of Directors resolved not to distribute the earnings for the year ended December 31, 2020 because there was no profit.

(23) Operating revenue

| | <u>April to June of 2021</u> | <u>April to June of 2020</u> |
|---------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Customer contract revenue | \$ 996, 740 | \$ 220, 852 |
| | <u>January to June of 2021</u> | <u>January to June of 2020</u> |
| Customer contract revenue | \$ 1, 704, 655 | \$ 444, 968 |

A. Segmentation of revenue from contracts with customers

The Group's revenue is recognized when the source is shifted at a point in time and as it is provided over time, revenue can be subdivided into the following major categories of goods or services:

| | <u>April to June of 2021</u> | <u>April to June of 2020</u> |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Revenue from scrap iron | \$ 396, 913 | \$ 25, 358 |
| Revenue from sales of screws | 313, 653 | 155, 497 |
| Contracting revenue | 98, 925 | 10, 497 |
| Labor service operation revenue | 62, 465 | – |
| Logistics transport revenue | 60, 606 | 27, 626 |

| | | |
|-------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Income from electricity sales | 33,570 | – |
| Others | 30,608 | 1,874 |
| | <u>\$ 996,740</u> | <u>\$ 220,852</u> |

| | | |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| | <u>January to June of 2021</u> | <u>January to June of 2020</u> |
| Revenue from scrap iron | \$ 729,410 | \$ 63,400 |
| Revenue from sales of screws | 458,599 | 323,404 |
| Contracting revenue | 178,459 | 10,497 |
| Logistics transport revenue | 112,480 | 45,699 |
| Labor service operation revenue | 107,050 | – |
| Income from electricity sales | 61,305 | – |
| Others | 57,352 | 1,968 |
| | <u>\$ 1,704,655</u> | <u>\$ 444,968</u> |

| | | |
|--|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| | <u>April to June of 2021</u> | <u>April to June of 2020</u> |
| Cut-off point of revenue recognition | | |
| Revenue recognized at a particular point in time | \$ 996,548 | \$ 220,781 |
| Revenue recognized gradually over time | 192 | 71 |
| | <u>\$ 996,740</u> | <u>\$ 220,852</u> |

| | | |
|--|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| | <u>January to June of 2021</u> | <u>January to June of 2020</u> |
| Cut-off point of revenue recognition | | |
| Revenue recognized at a particular point in time | \$ 1,703,923 | \$ 444,803 |
| Revenue recognized gradually over time | 732 | 165 |
| | <u>\$ 1,704,655</u> | <u>\$ 444,968</u> |

B.The Group recognized contract liabilities related to revenue from customer contracts as follows:

| | | | | |
|------------------------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|------------------------|
| | <u>June 30, 2021</u> | <u>December 31, 2020</u> | <u>June 30, 2020</u> | <u>January 1, 2020</u> |
| Contractual Liabilities - Current. | | | | |
| Unearned receipts | <u>\$ 10,748</u> | <u>\$ 15,724</u> | <u>\$ 2,940</u> | <u>\$ 2,662</u> |

The opening contract liabilities were recognized in revenue of \$677 and \$1,425 for three months of April to June, 2021 and 2020, \$15,264 and \$1,898 for six months of January to June, 2021 and 2020 respectively.

(24) Interest income

| | <u>April to June of 2021</u> | <u>April to June of 2020</u> |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Interest from bank deposits | \$ 142 | \$ 95 |
| Other interest incomes | – | 3 |
| | <u>\$ 142</u> | <u>\$ 98</u> |
| | <u>January to June of 2021</u> | <u>January to June of 2020</u> |
| Interest from bank deposits | \$ 213 | \$ 306 |
| Other interest incomes | 1 | 5 |
| | <u>\$ 214</u> | <u>\$ 311</u> |

(25) Other income

| | <u>April to June of 2021</u> | <u>April to June of 2020</u> |
|--------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Lease income | \$ 190 | \$ – |
| Other income | 2, 527 | 247 |
| | <u>\$ 2, 717</u> | <u>\$ 247</u> |
| | <u>January to June of 2021</u> | <u>January to June of 2020</u> |
| Lease income | \$ 380 | \$ – |
| Other income | 2, 737 | 667 |
| | <u>\$ 3, 117</u> | <u>\$ 667</u> |

(26) Other gains or losses

| | <u>April to June of 2021</u> | <u>April to June of 2020</u> |
|---|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Net gain on financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss | \$ 27, 938 | \$ 2, 280 |
| Net loss on disposal of property, plant and equipmen (| 339) | 98 |
| Net foreign currency exchange (loss) gain (| 5, 500) | (1, 326) |
| Other benefits(losses) | 52 (| 256) |
| | <u>\$ 22, 151</u> | <u>\$ 796</u> |
| | <u>January to June of 2021</u> | <u>January to June of 2020</u> |
| Net gain on financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss | \$ 28, 723 | \$ 3, 364 |
| Net loss on disposal of property, plant and equipmen (| 339) | (2, 766) |
| Net foreign currency exchange (loss) gain (| 6, 606) | 959 |
| Loss on repurchase of corporate bonds | – (| 26) |

Other benefits

| | | |
|----|--------|----------|
| | 42 | 43 |
| \$ | 21,820 | \$ 1,574 |

(27) Financial costs

| | <u>April to June of 2021</u> | <u>April to June of 2020</u> |
|-------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Interest expense | | |
| Bank Loans | \$ 2,783 | \$ 2,076 |
| Convertible bonds | 4 | 94 |
| Lease liabilities | 22 | 54 |
| | <u>\$ 2,809</u> | <u>\$ 2,224</u> |
| | <u>January to June of 2021</u> | <u>January to June of 2020</u> |
| Interest expense | | |
| Bank Loans | \$ 5,420 | \$ 4,659 |
| Convertible bonds | 20 | 189 |
| Lease liabilities | 54 | 109 |
| | <u>\$ 5,494</u> | <u>\$ 4,957</u> |

(28) Additional information on the nature of expenses

| | <u>April to June of 2021</u> | | | <u>April to June of 2020</u> | | |
|---------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------|------------------|
| | <u>Operating Costs</u> | <u>Operating expenses</u> | <u>Total</u> | <u>Operating Costs</u> | <u>Operating expenses</u> | <u>Total</u> |
| Employee benefits expense | <u>\$ 47,259</u> | <u>\$ 13,528</u> | <u>\$ 60,787</u> | <u>\$ 22,974</u> | <u>\$ 10,082</u> | <u>\$ 33,056</u> |
| Depreciation | <u>\$ 11,918</u> | <u>\$ 3,955</u> | <u>\$ 15,873</u> | <u>\$ 13,103</u> | <u>\$ 3,744</u> | <u>\$ 16,847</u> |
| Amortization expense | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ 27</u> | <u>\$ 27</u> | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ -</u> |
| | <u>January to June of 2021</u> | | | <u>January to June of 2020</u> | | |
| | <u>Operating Costs</u> | <u>Operating expenses</u> | <u>Total</u> | <u>Operating Costs</u> | <u>Operating expenses</u> | <u>Total</u> |
| Employee benefits expense | <u>\$ 87,391</u> | <u>\$ 29,240</u> | <u>\$ 116,631</u> | <u>\$ 46,409</u> | <u>\$ 20,831</u> | <u>\$ 67,240</u> |
| Depreciation | <u>\$ 24,235</u> | <u>\$ 7,909</u> | <u>\$ 32,144</u> | <u>\$ 26,180</u> | <u>\$ 7,567</u> | <u>\$ 33,747</u> |
| Amortization expense | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ 51</u> | <u>\$ 51</u> | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ -</u> |

(29) Employee benefits expense

| <u>April to June of 2021</u> | | <u>April to June of 2020</u> | |
|------------------------------|-----------|------------------------------|-----------|
| Operating | Operating | Operating | Operating |

| | <u>Costs</u> | <u>expenses</u> | <u>Total</u> | <u>Costs</u> | <u>expenses</u> | <u>Total</u> |
|-------------------------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Salary expense | \$ 41,185 | \$ 10,167 | \$ 51,352 | \$ 19,549 | \$ 8,413 | \$ 27,962 |
| Employee Compensation Costs | – | 1,079 | 1,079 | – | – | – |
| Labor and health insurance expenses | 3,619 | 1,109 | 4,728 | 1,881 | 869 | 2,750 |
| Pension expense | 1,416 | 583 | 1,999 | 764 | 418 | 1,182 |
| Other personnel expenses | <u>1,039</u> | <u>590</u> | <u>1,629</u> | <u>780</u> | <u>382</u> | <u>1,162</u> |
| | <u>\$ 47,259</u> | <u>\$ 13,528</u> | <u>\$ 60,787</u> | <u>\$ 22,974</u> | <u>\$ 10,082</u> | <u>\$ 33,056</u> |

| | <u>January to June of 2021</u> | | | <u>January to June of 2020</u> | | |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------|------------------|
| | <u>Operating costs</u> | <u>Operating expenses</u> | <u>Total</u> | <u>Operating Costs</u> | <u>Operating expenses</u> | <u>Total</u> |
| Salary expense | \$ 75,328 | \$ 22,610 | \$ 97,938 | \$ 38,933 | \$ 17,204 | \$ 56,137 |
| Employee Compensation Costs | – | 2,158 | 2,158 | – | – | – |
| Labor and health insurance expenses | 7,155 | 2,201 | 9,356 | 4,140 | 1,857 | 5,997 |
| Pension expense | 2,818 | 1,047 | 3,865 | 1,647 | 858 | 2,505 |
| Other personnel expenses | <u>2,090</u> | <u>1,224</u> | <u>3,314</u> | <u>1,689</u> | <u>912</u> | <u>2,601</u> |
| | <u>\$ 87,391</u> | <u>\$ 29,240</u> | <u>\$ 116,631</u> | <u>\$ 46,409</u> | <u>\$ 20,831</u> | <u>\$ 67,240</u> |

A. In accordance with the Company's Articles of Incorporation, the Company shall contribute 1% to 3% of the current year's profitability as compensation to employees and not more than 3% as compensation to directors and supervisors. However, where there are accumulated losses, an equivalent amount shall be appropriated to compensate for the losses. Employees may be paid in stock or cash. The distribution of employees' remuneration and directors' and supervisors' remuneration shall be made by a resolution of the board of directors with at least two-thirds of the directors present and a majority of the directors present, and reported to the shareholders' meeting.

The above-mentioned profit status for the year refers to the income before taxation before the distribution of employees' remuneration and directors' and supervisors' remuneration.

B. The Company did not estimate and pay the employees and directors' compensation due to small amount in April to June and January to June of 2021, and did not estimate and pay the employees and directors' compensation due to loss in April to June and January to June of 2020. Information on the remuneration of employees and directors and

supervisors approved by the Board of Directors can be found on the Market Observation Post System.

(30) Income tax

A. Income tax benefit components.

| | <u>April to June of 2021</u> | <u>April to June of 2020</u> |
|--|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Current tax: : | | |
| Current tax on profits for the year | \$ 3,351 | (\$ 7,176) |
| Low estimate of prior year's income tax | — | 411 |
| Total current tax | <u>3,351</u> | <u>(6,765)</u> |
| Deferred income tax: | | |
| Generation and reversal of temporary differences | <u>(16,790)</u> | <u>6,040</u> |
| Income tax benefits | <u>(\$ 13,439)</u> | <u>(\$ 725)</u> |

| | <u>January to June of 2021</u> | <u>January to June of 2020</u> |
|--|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Current tax: | | |
| Current tax on profits for the year | \$ 4,987 | (\$ 6,785) |
| Low estimate of prior year's income tax | — | 411 |
| Total current tax | <u>4,987</u> | <u>(6,374)</u> |
| Deferred income tax: | | |
| Generation and reversal of temporary differences | <u>(23,068)</u> | <u>(3,432)</u> |
| Income tax benefits | <u>(\$ 18,081)</u> | <u>(\$ 9,806)</u> |

B. The Company's income tax has been approved by the tax authorities until 2019, and no administrative relief has been provided as of August 11, 2021.

(31) Earning (Loss) per share

| | <u>April to June of 2021</u> | | |
|--|------------------------------|---|---------------------------------|
| | <u>Amount after tax</u> | <u>Weighted average Share outstanding (thousand shares)</u> | <u>Earning per share (NT\$)</u> |
| <u>Basic earning per shares</u> | | | |
| Net income attributable to equity holders of the parent company for the period | <u>\$ 48,067</u> | <u>73,514</u> | <u>\$ 0.65</u> |
| <u>Diluted loss per share</u> | | | |
| Net income attributable to equity holders of the parent company for the period | \$ 48,067 | 73,514 | |
| Effect of dilution | | | |

| | | | |
|--|------------------|---------------|----------------|
| Bonds payable | <u>–</u> | <u>1,799</u> | |
| Net income attributable to ordinary shareholders plus assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares | <u>\$ 48,067</u> | <u>75,313</u> | <u>\$ 0.64</u> |

April to June of 2020

| Amount after tax | Weighted average Share outstanding (thousand shares) | Loss per share (NT\$) |
|---------------------|--|-----------------------------|
|---------------------|--|-----------------------------|

Basic and diluted loss per share

| | | | |
|--|--------------------|---------------|------------------|
| Net loss attributable to equity holders of the parent company for the period | <u>(\$ 23,406)</u> | <u>40,558</u> | <u>(\$ 0.58)</u> |
|--|--------------------|---------------|------------------|

January to June of 2021

| Amount after tax | Weighted average Share outstanding (thousand shares) | Earning per share (NT\$) |
|---------------------|--|--------------------------------|
|---------------------|--|--------------------------------|

Basic loss per share

| | | | |
|--|------------------|---------------|----------------|
| Net income attributable to equity holders of the parent company for the period | <u>\$ 42,239</u> | <u>67,105</u> | <u>\$ 0.63</u> |
|--|------------------|---------------|----------------|

Diluted loss per share

| | | | |
|--|------------------|---------------|--|
| Net income attributable to equity holders of the parent company for the period | <u>\$ 42,239</u> | <u>67,105</u> | |
|--|------------------|---------------|--|

Effect of dilution

| | | | |
|---------------|----------|--------------|--|
| Bonds payable | <u>–</u> | <u>1,799</u> | |
|---------------|----------|--------------|--|

| | | | |
|--|------------------|---------------|----------------|
| Net income attributable to ordinary shareholders plus assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares | <u>\$ 42,239</u> | <u>68,904</u> | <u>\$ 0.61</u> |
|--|------------------|---------------|----------------|

January to June of 2020

| Amount after tax | Weighted average Share outstanding (thousand shares) | Loss per share (NT\$) |
|---------------------|--|-----------------------------|
|---------------------|--|-----------------------------|

Net loss attributable to equity holders of the parent company for the period

Basic and diluted loss per share

| | | | |
|--|--------------------|---------------|------------------|
| Net loss attributable to equity holders of the parent company for the period | <u>(\$ 59,968)</u> | <u>40,558</u> | <u>(\$ 1.48)</u> |
|--|--------------------|---------------|------------------|

The convertible bonds of April to June 2020 and January to June 2020 were excluded from the calculation of diluted loss per share because of their antidilutive effect.

(32) Business combinations

A. On June 30, 2020, the Company acquired 99% of the share capital of Yung-Fu Co., Ltd. for \$150,000, and obtained control over Yung-Fu Co., Ltd. . The main business of Yung-Fu Co., Ltd. is engaged in the entrusted operation and management service business of garbage and industrial waste incineration plants.

As a result of the acquisition, the Company is expected to expand environmental friendly career and increase operation Performance.

B. Information on the fair value of the consideration paid, assets acquired and liabilities assumed for the acquisition of Yung-Fu Co., Ltd. on the acquisition date is as follows:

| | <u>June 30 2020</u> |
|--|---------------------|
| Purchase consideration | |
| cash | \$ 150, 000 |
| Fair value of the non-controlling interest | <u>1, 395</u> |
| | <u>151, 395</u> |
| Fair value of the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities | |
| Current assets | 168, 940 |
| Property, plant and equipment | 146, 684 |
| Right-of-use assets | 1, 550 |
| Net investment property amount net | 31, 002 |
| Other non-current assets | 55, 650 |
| Current liabilities | (253, 363) |
| Non-current liabilities | (10, 948) |
| Identifiable deferred tax liabilities | (7, 123) |
| Total identifiable net assets | <u>132, 392</u> |
| Goodwill | <u>\$ 19, 003</u> |

C.. Yung-Fu Co., Ltd. were consolidated since June 30, 2020.. Yung-Fu Co., Ltd. contribute the company's operating revenue and income before tax both are 0. Had. Yung-Fu Co., Ltd. been consolidated from January 1, 2020, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income would show operating revenue of \$539,139 and loss before income tax of (\$102,255) for the six-month period ended June 30, 2020.

(33) Supplemental cash flow information

A. Investing activities with only partial cash receipts and payments

| | <u>January to June of 2021</u> | <u>January to June of 2020</u> |
|---|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| ① Acquisition of property, plant and equipment | \$ 40, 582 | \$ 7, 157 |
| Add: Bills payable at beginning of period - related parties | - | 585 |

| | | |
|--|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Other payables at the beginning of the period | 154 | 154 |
| Less: Other payables at the end of the period | (154) | (154) |
| Cash paid for acquisition of property, plant and equipment | <u>\$ 40,582</u> | <u>\$ 7,742</u> |
| | <u>January to June of 2021</u> | <u>January to June of 2020</u> |
| ② Disposal of property, plant and equipment | \$ 350 | \$ 607 |
| Add: Bills receivable at the beginning of the period | 51,011 | 39,844 |
| Long-term notes and accounts receivable at the beginning of the period | 50,600 | 105,800 |
| Less: Notes receivable at the end of the period | (53,804) | (43,818) |
| Long-term notes and accounts receivable at the end of the period | (23,000) | (78,200) |
| Cash receipts from disposal of property, plant and equipment | <u>\$ 25,157</u> | <u>\$ 24,233</u> |
| | <u>January to June of 2021</u> | <u>January to June of 2020</u> |
| ③ Disposal of other non-current assets | \$ - | \$ - |
| Add: Bills receivable at the beginning of the period | 4,189 | 9,308 |
| Less: Notes receivable at the end of the period | (1,396) | (6,649) |
| Cash receipts from disposal of other non-current assets | <u>\$ 2,793</u> | <u>\$ 2,659</u> |

B. Investing and financing activities that do not affect cash flows.

| | | |
|--|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| | <u>January to June of 2021</u> | <u>January to June of 2020</u> |
| ① Transfer of prepayments for equipment to property, plant and equipment | <u>\$ 47,376</u> | <u>\$ 121</u> |
| ② Conversion of convertible bonds into capital stock and capital surplus | <u>\$ 70,814</u> | <u>\$ -</u> |

C. Amount of cash obtained from the first merger of the subsidiary :

The Group obtained control of its subsidiary, Yung-Fu Co., Ltd. on June 30, 2020.
The fair values of assets acquired and liabilities assumed are as follows:

| | <u>June 30 2020</u> |
|---|-------------------------|
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 56,265 |
| Accounts receivable net | 44,564 |
| Other receivables — | 73 |
| Pre-payments | 25,679 |
| Non-current assets held for sale | 41,565 |
| Other financial Assets -current | 794 |
| Property, Plant and Equipment | 146,684 |
| Right-of-use assets | 1,550 |
| Investment property amount net | 31,002 |
| Deferred tax assets | 34,386 |
| Refundable deposits | 174 |
| Net defined benefit assets- non-current - | 1,970 |
| Other non-current assets - | 19,120 |
| Goodwill | 19,003 |
| Short-term loans | (200,000) |
| Notes Payable | (29,420) |
| Accounts payable | (3,404) |
| Other payables | (19,342) |
| Lease liabilities - Current | (1,197) |
| Deferred tax liabilities | (7,123) |
| Lease liabilities – Non-current | (376) |
| Long-term payables | (10,572) |
| Non-controlling interest | (1,395) |
| Total cash paid for acquisition of subsidiary | <u>150,000</u> |
| Less : Acquisition of subsidiary- Yung-fu Cash paid | <u>(56,265)</u> |
| Cash paid for acquisition of subsidiary (Less:Deduct the cash) | <u><u>\$ 93,735</u></u> |

\

(34) Changes in liabilities arising from financing activities

| | Short-term loans | Short-term notes and bills payable | Lease liabilities | Bonds payable (including the Due 1 year) | Long-term loans (including the Due 1 year) | Total liabilities arising from financing activities |
|--|---------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------|--|--|---|
| January 1, 2021 | \$ 547,289 | \$ 60,000 | 8,627 | \$ 81,844 | \$ 349,977 | \$ 1,047,737 |
| Net change in financing cash flows | (24,730) | - | (5,671) | - | (296,113) | (326,514) |
| Other non-cash transactions | - | - | 95,758 | (70,794) | - | 24,964 |
| June 30 2021 | <u>\$ 522,559</u> | <u>\$ 60,000</u> | <u>\$ 98,714</u> | <u>\$ 11,050</u> | <u>\$ 53,864</u> | <u>\$ 746,187</u> |

| | Short-term loans | Short-term notes and bills payable | Lease liabilities | Bonds Payable | Long-term loans (including the Due 1 year) | Total liabilities arising from financing activities |
|--|---------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------|-------------------|--|---|
| January 1, 2020 | \$ 450,901 | \$ 10,000 | \$ 14,422 | \$ 282,154 | \$ 175,849 | \$ 933,326 |
| Net change in financing cash flows | 51,088 | 20,000 | (4,530) | (513) | (39,170) | 26,875 |
| Other non-cash transactions | 200,000 | - | 3,636 | 175 | - | 203,811 |
| June 30 2020 | <u>\$ 701,989</u> | <u>\$ 30,000</u> | <u>\$ 13,528</u> | <u>\$ 281,816</u> | <u>\$ 136,679</u> | <u>\$ 1,164,012</u> |

7. Related party transaction

(1) Name and relationship

| <u>Name of related party</u> | <u>Relationship with the Group</u> |
|---------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Chun Yu Group | Other related parties |
| Chun Zu Machinery Industry | Other related parties |
| Chun Bang Precision Co.,Ltd. | Other related parties |
| Quintain Steel Co.,Ltd. | Other related parties |
| TMPCO Steel Co.,Ltd | Other related parties |
| GMTC Gloria Material Technology Corp. | Other related parties |

(2) Significant transactions with the related parties

A. Sale of goods

| | <u>April to June of 2021</u> | <u>April to June of 2020</u> |
|---------------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| <u>Sale of goods :</u> | | |
| GMTC Gloria Material Technology Corp. | \$ 101,866 | \$ 9,384 |

| | | |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Other related parties | <u>36,330</u> | <u>11,946</u> |
| | <u>\$ 138,196</u> | <u>\$ 21,330</u> |
| <u>Sale of goods</u> : | <u>January to June of 2021</u> | <u>January to June of 2020</u> |
| GMTC Gloria Material Technology Corp. | \$ 187,196 | \$ 15,313 |
| Other related parties | <u>61,059</u> | <u>12,546</u> |
| | <u>\$ 248,255</u> | <u>\$ 27,859</u> |

Transaction price: Negotiated price for both related and unrelated parties.

Collection terms (period): 15 to 90 days for related parties and 3 to 90 days for non-related parties by wire transfer or 60 to 90 days by letter of credit after the date of bill of lading.

B. Purchase of goods

| | | |
|-----------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| | <u>April to June of 2021</u> | <u>April to June of 2020</u> |
| Product Purchase: | | |
| Chun Yu Group | \$ 125,150 | \$ 79,624 |
| Other related parties | <u>–</u> | <u>100</u> |
| | <u>\$ 125,150</u> | <u>\$ 79,724</u> |
| | <u>January to June of 2021</u> | <u>January to June of 2020</u> |
| Product Purchase: | | |
| Chun Yu Group | \$ 222,134 | \$ 134,976 |
| Other related parties | <u>–</u> | <u>153</u> |
| | <u>\$ 222,134</u> | <u>\$ 135,129</u> |

Transaction price: Negotiated price for both related and unrelated parties.

Payment terms (period): The terms of purchase transactions from related parties are generally similar to those of general suppliers, with an average payment period of one to three months, but the payment period may be extended by mutual agreement depending on the availability of funds.

C. Tooling and repair costs (included in "Operating costs" and "Other non-current assets - other")

| | | |
|-----------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| | <u>April to June of 2021</u> | <u>April to June of 2020</u> |
| Other related parties | <u>\$ 5,568</u> | <u>\$ 1,421</u> |
| | <u>January to June of 2021</u> | <u>January to June of 2020</u> |
| Other related parties | <u>\$ 11,583</u> | <u>\$ 2,129</u> |

D. Accounts receivable

| | <u>June 30 2021</u> | <u>December 31, 2020</u> | <u>June 30 2020</u> |
|-----------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|---------------------|
| GMTC Gloria | \$ 52,093 | \$ 24,895 | \$ 8,164 |
| Other related parties | <u>21,663</u> | <u>13,059</u> | <u>8,594</u> |
| | <u>\$ 73,756</u> | <u>\$ 37,954</u> | <u>\$ 16,758</u> |

E. Notes payable

| | <u>June 30 2021</u> | <u>December 31, 2020</u> | <u>June 30 2020</u> |
|-----------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|---------------------|
| Other related parties | <u>\$ 5,846</u> | <u>\$ 2,102</u> | <u>\$ 82</u> |

F. Accounts payable

| | <u>June 30 2021</u> | <u>December 31, 2020</u> | <u>June 30 2020</u> |
|----------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|---------------------|
| Chun Yu Group | \$ 89,912 | \$ 62,989 | \$ 53,603 |
| Other relate parties | <u>—</u> | <u>13</u> | <u>22</u> |
| | <u>\$ 89,912</u> | <u>\$ 63,002</u> | <u>\$ 53,625</u> |

G. Other payables

| | <u>June 30 2021</u> | <u>December 31, 2020</u> | <u>June 30 2020</u> |
|----------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|---------------------|
| Other relate parties | <u>\$ 1,925</u> | <u>\$ 1,972</u> | <u>\$ 1,512</u> |

(3) Compensation of key management personnel

| | <u>April to June of 2021</u> | <u>April to June of 2020</u> |
|---|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Salary and other short-term employee benefits | <u>\$ 1,730</u> | <u>\$ 1,450</u> |
| | <u>January to June of 2021</u> | <u>January to June of 2020</u> |
| Salary and other short-term employee benefits | <u>\$ 4,543</u> | <u>\$ 2,325</u> |

8. Assets pledged

The breakdown of guarantees provided for the Group's assets is as follows

| <u>Assets</u> | <u>June 30 2021</u> | <u>December 31,</u> | <u>June 30 2020</u> | <u>Purpose</u> |
|---------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|----------------|
|---------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|----------------|

| | | <u>2020</u> | | |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--|
| Pledged demand deposits (Note 1) | \$ 96,464 | \$ 162,951 | \$ 75,361 | Guarantees for short-term and long-term Loans Guarantees, performance guarantees |
| Pledged time deposits (Note 1) | 141,136 | 129,913 | 102,239 | Short-term loans and short-term notes payable Guarantees |
| Bonds with repurchase (Note 1) | 9,000 | 9,000 | 6,000 | Guarantee for short-term notes payable |
| Marketable securities (Note 2) | – | 207,331 | – | Guarantees for short-term and long-term loans |
| Land (Note 3) | 145,046 | 145,046 | 92,904 | Same as above |
| House and Building – Net-(Note 3) | 54,979 | 56,932 | 14,722 | Same as above |
| | <u>\$ 446,625</u> | <u>\$ 711,173</u> | <u>\$ 291,226</u> | |

(Note 1) The table presents "Financial assets at amortized cost - current" and "Financial assets at amortized cost - non-current".

(Note 2) Of which \$15,000 is shown as "financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - current" and \$192,331 is pledged as security for 24,751 thousand shares of the subsidiary Yung Fu Co., Ltd.

(Note 3) "Property, plant and equipment" is listed in the table.

9. Significant contingent liabilities and unrecognized commitments

(1) As of June 30, 2021, December 31, 2020 and June 30, 2020, the Group had contracted but not yet paid capital expenditures of \$2,644, \$700 and \$1,412, respectively, for the acquisition of property, plant and equipment.

(2) As of June 30, 2021, December 31, 2020 and June 30, 2020, the Group had outstanding letters of credit for the purchase of raw materials for which letters of credit had been opened and not yet pledged amounted to \$41,340, \$29,900 and \$20,779 respectively.

10. Losses due to major disasters

None such cases.

11. Major Events after Financial Statement Date

None such cases.

12. Others

(1)Capital management

The Group's capital management objectives are to protect the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital, and to provide returns to shareholders. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt.

(2)Financial instruments

A. Types of financial instrument

The Group's types of financial instrument please see footnote 12-(3) Fair value information.

B. Risk management policies

- ① The Group's daily operations are subject to a number of financial risks, including market risk (including exchange rate risk, interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. In order to reduce the adverse effect of uncertainty on the Group's financial performance, the Group enters into forward exchange rate contracts to hedge the exchange rate risk.
- ② Risk management is carried out by a central finance department (Group finance) under policies approved by the Board of Directors. The Group's Finance Department is responsible for identifying, assessing and hedging financial risks by working closely with the Group's operating divisions.

C. Significant financial risks and degrees of financial risks

① Market risk

a. Foreign exchange risk

- a-1. The Group's management has established a policy that requires the Group to manage its exposure to exchange rate risk relative to its functional currency. Hedging of its overall exchange rate risk should be performed through the Corporate Finance Department. Exchange rate risk is measured by using forward foreign exchange contracts to reduce the impact of exchange rate fluctuations on the expected collection of accounts receivable through highly probable expected transactions of Euro and US dollar expenses.
- a-2. The Group uses forward exchange rate transactions to hedge its exposure to exchange rate risk, but does not meet all the criteria for hedge accounting and therefore accounts for financial assets or liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss.
- a-3. The Group engages in operations involving certain non-functional currencies (the functional currency of the Company and subsidiaries is the New Taiwan dollar) and is therefore subject to exchange rate fluctuations. Information on foreign currency assets and liabilities with significant exchange rate fluctuations is as follows:

| June 30,2021 | | |
|-------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| <u>Foreign currency</u> | <u>Exchange</u> | <u>Carrying</u> |
| <u>(In thousand)</u> | <u>Rate</u> | <u>amount</u> |

(Foreign currency: functional currency)

Financial asset

Monetary items

| | | | |
|-------------------------|-----------|----------|------------|
| USD: New Taiwan dollar | \$ 10,356 | \$ 27.86 | \$ 288,518 |
| Euro: New Taiwan dollar | 1,881 | 33.15 | 62,355 |

Financial liability

Monetary items

| | | | |
|-------------------------|-----|-------|-------|
| USD: New Taiwan dollar | 215 | 27.86 | 5,990 |
| Euro: New Taiwan dollar | 140 | 33.15 | 4,641 |

December 31, 2020

| <u>Foreign currency</u> | <u>Exchange</u> | <u>Carrying</u> |
|-------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| <u>(In thousand)</u> | <u>Rate</u> | <u>amount</u> |

(Foreign currency: functional
currency)

Financial asset

Monetary items

| | | | |
|-------------------------|----------|-------|------------|
| USD: New Taiwan dollar | \$ 8,155 | 28.48 | \$ 232,254 |
| Euro: New Taiwan dollar | 572 | 35.02 | 20,031 |

Financial liability

Monetary items

| | | | |
|------------------------|----|-------|-------|
| USD: New Taiwan dollar | 75 | 28.48 | 2,136 |
|------------------------|----|-------|-------|

June 30, 2020

| <u>Foreign currency</u> | <u>Exchange</u> | <u>Carrying</u> |
|-------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| <u>(In thousand)</u> | <u>rate</u> | <u>amount</u> |

(Foreign currency: functional
currency)

Financial asset

Monetary items

| | | | |
|-------------------------|----------|-------|------------|
| USD: New Taiwan dollar | \$ 4,535 | 29.63 | \$ 134,372 |
| Euro: New Taiwan dollar | 1,902 | 33.27 | 63,280 |

Financial liability

Monetary items

| | | | |
|-------------------------|----|-------|-------|
| USD: New Taiwan dollar | 61 | 29.63 | 1,807 |
| Euro: New Taiwan dollar | 25 | 33.27 | 832 |

- a. The sensitivity analysis of foreign currency exchange rate risk is calculated mainly for foreign currency monetary items as of the end of the financial reporting period. If the New Taiwan dollar had strengthened/weakened

- by 1% against the U.S. dollar and the Euro, all other factors remaining constant, the Group's net income would have increased/decreased by \$2,723 and \$1,560 for January through June of 2021 and 2020 respectively.
- b. The total amount of exchange (loss) gains (both realized and unrealized) recognized from April to June, 2021 and 2020, and January to June, 2021 and 2020 due to exchange rate fluctuations of the Group's monetary items was (\$5,500) 、 (\$1,326), and (\$6,606) 、 \$959 respectively.

b. Price risk

- b-1. The Group's equity instruments that are exposed to price risk are financial assets held at fair value through other comprehensive income. In order to manage the price risk of investments in equity instruments, the Group diversifies its investment portfolio in accordance with the limits set by the Group.
- b-2 .The Group invests primarily in equity instruments issued by domestic companies. The prices of these equity instruments are affected by the uncertainty of the future value of the underlying investments. If the price of these equity instruments had increased or decreased by 1%, with all other factors held constant, the benefit or loss to shareholders' equity from equity investments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income would have increased or decreased by \$1,500 and \$796 from January to June 2021 and 2020, respectively.

c. Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

The Group's borrowings are floating-rate financial instruments. Therefore, changes in market interest rates will cause the effective interest rates of debt-type financial instruments to change accordingly, resulting in fluctuations in their future cash flows. This risk is partially offset by cash and cash equivalents held at floating interest rates. With respect to the sensitivity analysis of interest rate risk, a 10% increase/decrease in borrowing rates, with all other factors held constant, would have increased/decreased net income by \$338 and \$409 from January to June 2021 and 2020, respectively, mainly due to the increase/decrease in interest expense as a result of floating rate borrowings.

② Credit risk

- a. The Group's credit risk is the risk of financial loss arising from the failure of customers or counterparties to financial instruments to meet their contractual obligations, mainly from the failure of counterparties to settle accounts receivable on collection terms.
- b. The management of credit risk is established with a Group perspective. In accordance with the internal credit policy, the Company and each new customer are required to manage and analyze the credit risk before setting the terms and conditions of payment and delivery. Internal risk control assesses the credit quality of the customers, taking into account their financial position, past experience and other factors. Individual risk limits are set based on internal or external ratings in accordance with limits set by the Board of Directors. The utilization of credit limits is regularly monitored.
- c. The Group adopts IFRS 9 to provide the following premise assumptions. When a contractual payment is more than 60 days past due according to the contractual payment terms, the credit risk of the financial asset is considered to have increased significantly since the original recognition.
- d. In accordance with credit risk management, the Group starts to assess impairment when contractual payments are overdue for a certain number of days in accordance with the

contractual payment terms.

- e. The Group estimates the expected credit losses based on the loss ratio method and the allowance matrix by grouping the notes and accounts receivable of customers according to the credit terms, and adjusts the loss ratio based on historical and current information of a specific period to estimate the allowance for losses on notes and accounts receivable by taking into account the prospective future. The following is a summary of the changes in the allowance for losses on notes and accounts receivable for which the Group has adopted the simplified approach:

| | <u>January to June of 2021</u> | | |
|--|--------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------|
| | <u>Notes receivable</u> | <u>Accounts receivable</u> | <u>Total</u> |
| Balance of beginning and ending period | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ 23</u> | <u>\$ 23</u> |

| | <u>January to June of 2020</u> | | |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------|
| | <u>Notes receivable</u> | <u>Accounts receivable</u> | <u>Total</u> |
| Balance of beginning period | \$ - | \$ 23 | \$ 23 |
| Increase by merge | - | 3 | 3 |
| Balance of ending period | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ 26</u> | <u>\$ 26</u> |

③ Liquidity risk

- a. Cash flow forecasting is a process whereby the Finance Department monitors the forecast of the Group's liquidity requirements to ensure that it has sufficient funds to meet its operational needs and maintains sufficient unspent borrowing commitments at all times so that the Group does not breach the relevant borrowing limits or terms.
- b. In the event that the Group holds surplus cash in excess of the working capital management requirements, the Group's Finance Department invests the surplus funds in interest-bearing demand deposits and time deposits in instruments of appropriate maturity or sufficient liquidity to meet the above forecast and to provide sufficient level of dispatch. As of June 30, 2021, December 31, 2020 and June 30, 2020, the Group held money market positions of \$365,759, \$261,027 and \$141,075, respectively, which are expected to generate immediate cash flow to manage liquidity risk.
- c. The Group's unutilized borrowings are shown as follows:

| | <u>June 30, 2021</u> | <u>December 31, 2020</u> | <u>June 30, 2020</u> |
|--------------------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|
| Floating rate | | | |
| Mature within one year | \$ 513,695 | \$ 522,711 | \$ 1,116,011 |
| Maturity of more than one year | <u>199,469</u> | <u>253,173</u> | <u>235,113</u> |
| | <u>\$ 713,164</u> | <u>\$ 775,884</u> | <u>\$ 1,351,124</u> |

- d. The following table shows the Group's non-derivative financial liabilities, grouped by the relevant maturity date. Non-derivative financial liabilities are analyzed based on the remaining period from the balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date. The amounts

disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

| <u>June 30, 2021</u> | <u>Less than 1 year</u> | <u>1 to 2 years</u> | <u>2 to 5 years</u> | <u>Over 5 years</u> |
|---|-----------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Non-derivative financial liabilities | | | | |
| Short-term borrowings | \$ 523,969 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - |
| Short-term notes and bills payable | 60,000 | - | - | - |
| Notes payable | 28,616 | - | - | - |
| Accounts payable (Including | 354,196 | - | - | - |
| — related parties) | | | | |
| Other payables | 120,944 | - | - | - |
| Lease liabilities | 11,464 | 10,026 | 10,177 | 73,050 |
| Bonds payable | 16,445 | - | - | - |
| Long-term loans (including the portion due within one year or one business cycle) | 26,666 | 11,251 | 16,678 | - |
| <u>December 31, 2020</u> | <u>Less than 1 year</u> | <u>1 to 2 years</u> | <u>2 to 5 years</u> | <u>Over 5 years</u> |
| Non-derivative financial liabilities | | | | |
| Short-term borrowings | \$ 548,695 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - |
| Short-term notes and bills payable | 60,000 | - | - | - |
| Notes payable | 18,413 | - | - | - |
| Accounts payable (Including | 247,195 | - | - | - |
| — related parties) | | | | |
| Other payables | 92,109 | - | - | - |
| Lease liabilities | 6,755 | 1,270 | 791 | - |
| Bonds payable | - | 89,455 | - | - |
| Long-term loans (including the portion due within one year or one business cycle) | 83,550 | 177,203 | 105,390 | 223 |
| Derivative financial liabilities | | | | |
| Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss | 568 | - | - | - |
| <u>June 30, 2020</u> | <u>Less than 1 year</u> | <u>1 to 2 years</u> | <u>2 to 5 years</u> | <u>Over 5 years</u> |
| Non-derivative financial liabilities | | | | |

| | | | | |
|---|------------|---------|--------|------|
| Short-term borrowings | \$ 705,140 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - |
| Short-term notes and bills payable | 30,000 | - | - | - |
| Notes payable(Including related parties) | 43,315 | - | - | - |
| Accounts payable (Including related parties) | 89,664 | - | - | - |
| Other payables | 79,373 | - | - | - |
| Lease liabilities | 11,120 | 1,499 | 1,093 | - |
| Bonds payable | - | 299,914 | - | - |
| Long-term loans (including the portion due within one year or one business cycle) | 69,009 | 41,857 | 27,439 | 490 |
| Derivative financial liabilities | | | | |
| Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss | - | 271 | - | - |

(3) Fair value information

A. The different levels that the inputs to valuation techniques are used to measure fair value of financial and non-financial instruments have been defined as follows:

Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities available to the enterprise at the measurement date. A market is regarded as active where a market in which transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis.

Level 2: The observable input value of assets or liabilities, directly or indirectly, except for those included in the quoted prices in Level 1. The fair value of the Company's investments in forward exchange contracts are included in this category.

Level 3: Unobservable inputs to assets or liabilities.

B. The Group's financial instruments that are not measured at fair value (including cash and cash equivalents, financial assets at amortized cost - current, notes receivable, other notes receivable, accounts receivable (including related parties), other receivables, financial assets at amortized cost - non-current, refundable deposits, long-term notes receivable The carrying amounts of short-term loans, short-term bills payable, notes payable, accounts payable (including related parties), other payables, lease liabilities, bonds payable and long-term loans (including those due within one year) approximate their fair values.

C. Financial instruments carried at fair value are classified according to the nature, characteristics and risks of the assets and liabilities and the basis of the fair value hierarchy. The related information is as follows:

| <u>June 30, 2021</u> | <u>Level 1</u> | <u>Level 2</u> | <u>Level 3</u> | <u>Total</u> |
|--|----------------|----------------|----------------|--------------|
| Assets | | | | |
| <u>Recurring fair value measurements</u> | | | | |

Financial assets at fair value
through profit and loss

| | | | | |
|-------------------|-----------|------|------|-----------|
| Equity securities | \$ 27,850 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 27,850 |
|-------------------|-----------|------|------|-----------|

FVTOCI financial assets

| | | | | |
|-------------------|------------|------|------|------------|
| Equity securities | \$ 130,324 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 130,324 |
|-------------------|------------|------|------|------------|

December 31, 2020

| | | | |
|----------------|----------------|----------------|--------------|
| <u>Level 1</u> | <u>Level 2</u> | <u>Level 3</u> | <u>Total</u> |
|----------------|----------------|----------------|--------------|

Assets

Recurring fair value measurements

FVTOCI financial assets

| | | | | |
|-------------------|-----------|------|------|-----------|
| Equity securities | \$ 64,523 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 64,523 |
|-------------------|-----------|------|------|-----------|

Liabilities

Recurring fair value measurements

Financial liabilities at fair value
through profit or loss

| | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|------|--------|------|--------|
| Forward Foreign Exchange Contracts | \$ - | \$ 568 | \$ - | \$ 568 |
|---------------------------------------|------|--------|------|--------|

June 30, 2020

| | | | |
|----------------|----------------|----------------|--------------|
| <u>Level 1</u> | <u>Level 2</u> | <u>Level 3</u> | <u>Total</u> |
|----------------|----------------|----------------|--------------|

Assets

Recurring fair value measurements

Financial assets at fair value
through profit and loss

| | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|------|----------|------|----------|
| Forward Foreign Exchange Contracts | \$ - | \$ 1,343 | \$ - | \$ 1,343 |
|---------------------------------------|------|----------|------|----------|

FVTOCI financial assets

| | | | | |
|-------------------|-----------|----------|------|-----------|
| Equity securities | 56,137 | - | - | 56,137 |
| | \$ 56,137 | \$ 1,343 | \$ - | \$ 57,480 |

D.The methods and assumptions used by the Group to measure fair value are described below:

- ① The Group adopt market pricing as the input of fair value (i.e. Level 1), and the breakdown of the characteristics of the instrument is as follows:

| | |
|--------------|-------------------------------|
| | <u>Domestic listed stocks</u> |
| Market price | Closing price |

- ② Derivative financial instruments are evaluated based on valuation models that are

widely accepted by market users, such as the discount method and option pricing models. Forward exchange contracts are usually evaluated based on current forward exchange rates.

E. There was no transfer between Level 1 and Level 2 from January to June, 2021 and 2020.

F. There were no Level 3 financial instruments from January to June, 2021 and 2020.

(4) Other Information

A. The Group is a multinational enterprise. Due to the outbreak of the COVID-19 pandemic, some countries in Europe and the Americas have implemented various measures to prevent the outbreak, which has affected the export sales to a certain extent. The Group maintains close contact with customers and manufacturers to maintain the continuity of orders, but the actual extent of the possible impact will depend on the subsequent development of the epidemic in each country.

B. Due to Covid-19 outbreak and numbers of the government's epidemic prevention measures, the Group implemented workplace hygiene management measures in accordance with the "Guidelines for Enterprise Planning of Business Continuity in Response to the Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19)" and managed related issues continuously. Except for those employees who worked in office under a staggered shift pattern, the employees in the plant were working normally and there was no significant adverse impact on the Group's operations. In addition, in response to the FSC's announcement of the "Measures Concerning the Postponement of the Meeting of Shareholders of Public Companies in Response to the Epidemic", the shareholders' meeting which was originally scheduled on June 24, 2021 was postponed to July 2, 2021 accordingly.

C. The nature and scope of government subsidies:

Due to the application of the Ministry of Economic Affairs "Key Points for Fund Rescue and Rejuvenation of Business Funds Relief and Interest Subsidy for Business Difficulties Affected by New Coronary Pneumonia", from January to June of 2020, the Group recognized \$4,523 for government subsidized salary expenses and working capital. (It was recognized as deduction from "operating costs").

13. Additional Disclosures

(In accordance with the regulations, only information from January to June 2021 is disclosed.)

(1) Significant transactions information

- ① Loans to others: Please refer to Table 1.
- ② Endorsement and guarantee for others: None.
- ③ Marketable securities held at the end of the period: Please refer to Table 2.
- ④ Individual securities acquired or disposed of with accumulated amount exceeding the lower of \$300 million or 20% of the capital stock: Please refer to Table 3.
- ⑤ Acquisition of individual real estate with amount exceeding the lower of \$300 million or 20% of the capital stock: None.
- ⑥ Disposal of individual real estate with amount exceeding the lower of \$300 million or

20% of the capital stock:None.

⑦Related party transactions for purchases and sales amounts exceeding the lower of NT\$100 million or 20% of the capital stock: . Please refer to Table 4.

⑧Receivables from related parties with amounts exceeding the lower of \$100 million or 20% of capital stock: None.

⑨ Derivative financial instruments: Please refer to Note 6 (2) Financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss - current.

⑩ Business relationships and significant intercompany transactions between the parent company and subsidiaries: Please refer to Table 5.

(2) Information on investees

Name of investee company, location and other related information (excluding Mainland China investee company): Please refer to Table 6.

(3) Information on investments in China

None such cases.

(4) Information on main investors

Information on major shareholders: Please refer to Table 7.

14. Segments Information

(1) General information

The management of the Group has identified the reportable segments based on the reported information used by operational decision makers in making decisions. There were no significant changes in the Group's corporate composition, the basis of segmentation and the basis of measurement of segment information during the period.

(2) Departmental information

Information on the reporting segments provided to the chief operating decision maker is shown as follows:

| | January to June of 2021 | | | | |
|--|-------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|----|--------------|
| | <u>Screw</u> | | <u>Environmental</u> | | |
| | <u>Manufacturing</u> | <u>Transportation</u> | <u>Business</u> | | <u>Total</u> |
| | <u>Department</u> | <u>Department</u> | <u>Department</u> | | |
| Net external revenue | \$ 459,331 | \$ 1,024,072 | \$ 221,252 | \$ | 1,704,655 |
| Net internal revenue | – | 10,813 | 374 | | 11,187 |
| Interest income | 165 | 15 | 34 | | 214 |
| Depreciation and Amortization | 29,226 | 678 | 2,291 | | 32,195 |
| Interest expense | 3,902 | 15 | 1,577 | | 5,494 |
| Departmental net (loss) income before income taxes | (18,770) | 23,405 | 19,820 | | 24,455 |

| | | | | |
|---------------------|-------------|----------|----------|-------------|
| Segment assets | 1, 709, 903 | 338, 038 | 672, 869 | 2, 720, 810 |
| Segment liabilities | 924, 535 | 199, 516 | 161, 114 | 1, 285, 165 |

January to June of 2020

| | <u>Screw</u> <u>Manufacturing</u> <u>Department</u> | <u>Transportation</u> <u>Department</u> | <u>Environmental</u> <u>Business</u> <u>Department</u> | <u>Total</u> |
|---|---|--|--|--------------|
| Net external revenue | \$ 323,566 | \$ 120,158 | \$ 1,244 | \$ 444,968 |
| Net internal revenue | - | 4,447 | - | 4,447 |
| Interest income | 299 | 10 | 2 | 311 |
| Depreciation and Amortization | 33,243 | 388 | 116 | 33,747 |
| Interest expense | 4,940 | 17 | - | 4,957 |
| Departmental net loss before income tax | (65,780) | (2,666) | (1,220) | (69,666) |
| Segment assets | 1,332,770 | 84,698 | 414,646 | 1,832,114 |
| Segment liabilities | 1,109,815 | 34,469 | 266,126 | 1,410,410 |

(3) Reconciliation of Segment Profit and Loss, Assets and Liabilities

The external revenue reported to the chief operating decision maker is measured in a manner consistent with the revenue in the consolidated statement of income, and the segment profit or loss, total assets and total liabilities provided to the chief operating decision maker are measured in a manner consistent with the Group's consolidated financial statements; therefore, no reconciliation is required.

OFCO Industrial Corp. and subsidiaries

Financing provided to others

January 1 to June 30, 2021

Table 1

| <u>Serial No.</u> | <u>Lender</u> | <u>Borrower</u> | <u>Business relationship</u> | <u>Whether it is a related party</u> | <u>Maximum balance</u> | <u>Ending balance</u> | <u>Transaction Amounts</u> | <u>Interest Rate</u> | <u>Nature of Financing provided (Note 1)</u> | <u>Business Transaction Amounts</u> | <u>Reason for the necessity of short-term financing</u> | <u>Amount of Recognized impairment loss</u> | <u>Collateral</u> | | <u>Lending of funds to individual entities and limit of financing (Note 2)</u> | <u>Total limit of financing (Note 3)</u> | <u>Remarks</u> |
|-------------------|-----------------------|------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|--|-------------------------------------|---|---|-------------------|------|--|--|----------------|
| <u>Name</u> | <u>Value</u> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 0 | OFCO Industrial Corp. | Yung Fu Co.,Ltd. | Other receivable -related parties | Y | \$ 45,000 | \$ 45,000 | \$ - | - | 2 | \$ - | Business development needs | \$ - | - | \$ - | \$ 141,858 | \$ 283,717 | - |

(Note 1) The nature of the loan and the meaning of the code are described as follows:

1. For entities with business transaction relationships.
2. For necessary short-term financing needs.

(Note 2) The amount of funds loaned to another person/entity is subject to individual limits:

1. For companies or firms with which the Company has business dealings, the amount of individual loans shall not exceed the higher of the Company's purchase or sales amount in the most recent year or the current year as of the time of the loan.
2. For companies or firms with short-term financing needs, the amount of individual loans shall not exceed 10% of the Company's most recent audited or reviewed financial statements.

(Note 3) The Company's total loans and transactions and capital financing are each limited to no more than 20% of the Company's most recent audited or reviewed net value.

(Note 4) In accordance with the procedures for lending funds to others, the Board of Directors shall approve and report to the shareholders' meeting for review.

OFCO Industrial Corp. and subsidiaries

Holding of marketable securities at the end of the period (not including subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures)

June 30, 2021

Table 2

Unit: NT\$ thousand

| <u>December 31, 2020</u> | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|---|--|---|---------------------------|------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------|----------------|
| <u>Holding Company Name</u> | <u>Type and Name of Marketable Securities</u> | <u>Relationship with the Holding Company</u> | <u>Item</u> | <u>Shares (thousands)</u> | <u>Carrying amount</u> | <u>Percentage of shareholdings</u> | <u>Fair value</u> | <u>Remarks</u> |
| OFCO Industrial Corp. | Stocks: | | | | | | | |
| | Taiwan Styrene Monomer Corporation | - | Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income or loss - current | 3,423 | \$ 73,937 | — | \$ 73,937 | — |
| | D-Link Corporation | - | Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income or loss - current | 2,049 | 39,033 | — | 39,033 | — |
| | Jia Jie Biomedical Co.,Ltd. | - | Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income or loss - current | 1,244 | 17,354 | — | 17,354 | — |
| | Chun Yu Group | - | Financial assets at FVTPL - Current | 400 | 15,760 | — | 15,760 | — |
| | Funds: | | | | | | | |
| Yung Fu Co.,Ltd. | Amundi TW - Global High Yield Bond Fund | - | Financial assets at FVTPL - Current | — | 12,090 | — | 12,090 | — |

OFCO Industrial Corp. and subsidiaries

Acquisition or sale of the same security with the accumulated cost exceeding \$300 million or 20% of the Company's paid-in capital

January 1 to June 30, 2021

Table 3

Unit: NT\$ thousand

| <u>Company that buys or sells</u> | <u>Type and Name of Marketable Securities</u> | <u>Item</u> | <u>Counterparty</u> | <u>Relationship</u> | <u>Opening balance</u> | | <u>Buy</u> | | <u>Sell</u> | | <u>Other increase (decrease)</u> | | <u>June 30, 2021</u> | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|---|---|---------------------|---------------------|---|---------------|---|---------------|---|--------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|---|---------------|---------------|---------------|--|
| | | | | | <u>Number of shares (thousand shares or thousand units)</u> | <u>Amount</u> | <u>Number of shares (thousand shares or thousand units)</u> | <u>Amount</u> | <u>Number of shares (thousand shares or thousand units)</u> | <u>Selling Price</u> | <u>Book Cost</u> | <u>Gains and Losses from Disposal</u> | <u>Number of shares (thousand shares or thousand units)</u> | <u>Amount</u> | <u>Shares</u> | <u>Amount</u> | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Stock: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| OFCO Industrial Corp. | Yung Fu Co.,Ltd. | Investments accounted for under the equity method | (Note) | — | 24,751 | \$ 192,331 | 27,730 | \$277,301 | - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | (4,950) | \$ 11,256 | 47,531 | \$ 480,888 | |

(Note) Cash capital increase subscription.

OFCO Industrial Corp. and subsidiaries

Related party transactions for purchases and sales amounts exceeding the lower of \$100 million or 20 percent of capital stock

January 1 to June 30, 2021

Table 4

Unit: NT\$ thousand

| | | | Details of non-arm's length transaction | | | | | | Notes and accounts receivable (payable) | | |
|-----------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------|---|---------------|---|------|--------------|---------|---|------------------|-------------|
| | | | <u>Transactions</u> | | | | | | Percentage of total receivables | | |
| <u>pany Name</u> | <u>Related Party</u> | <u>Relationship</u> | Purchases (Sales) | <u>Amount</u> | Percentage of total Amount purchase (Sales) | Term | Unit pric | Term | <u>Balance</u> | <u>(payable)</u> | <u>Note</u> |
| Ofco Industrial Corp. | Chun Yu Group | Other related parties | Purchase | \$ 222, 134 | 65% | — | — | (Note1) | (\$ 89, 912) | (77%) | — |
| TSG Transport Corp | GMTC Gloria Material Technology Corp. | Other related parties | (Sales) | (178, 374) | (17%) | — | — | (Note1) | 50, 685 | 9% | — |

(Note1)Please see footnote 7 : Related party transaction

OFCO Industrial Corp. and subsidiaries
Significant inter-company transactions during the reporting periods

January 1 to June 30, 2021

Table 5

Unit: NT\$ thousand

| | | | <u>Transaction</u> | | | | | <u>Percentage of consolidated total operating revenues or</u> | | <u>Remarks</u> |
|----------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------|---|---------------------|---------------|--------------------------|--|---|--|----------------|
| <u>Code (Note 1)</u> | <u>Transaction Company</u> | <u>Counterparty</u> | <u>Relationship with the counter-party (Note 2)</u> | <u>Item</u> | <u>Amount</u> | <u>Transaction Terms</u> | | <u>total assets (Note 3)</u> | | |
| 1 | TSG Transport Corp. | OFCO Industrial Corp. | 2 | Sales | \$ 10,813 | Credit terms: 40 days | | 1 | | |
| | | | | Accounts receivable | 5,664 | - | | — | | |

(Note 1) Information on business transactions between the parent company and subsidiaries should be indicated in the numbered column respectively, and the numbers should be filled in as follows

1. The parent company should fill in 0.
2. Subsidiaries are numbered by company, starting from the Arabic numeral 1.

(Note 2) There are three types of relationships with the counter-parties, and the types can be indicated as follows

1. Parent company to subsidiary company.
2. Subsidiary to parent company.
3. Subsidiary to subsidiary.

(Note 3) The ratio of transaction amount to consolidated total revenue or total assets is calculated as the ending balance to consolidated total assets in the case of assets and liabilities and as the cumulative amount to consolidated total revenue in the case of profit or loss.

OFCO Industrial Corp. and subsidiaries

Names, locations and other information of investee companies (not including investees in China)

January 1 to June 30, 2021

Table 6

Unit: NT\$ thousand

| <u>Investor</u> | <u>Investor Company</u> | <u>Location</u> | <u>Main Businesses and Products</u> | <u>Investment Amount</u> | | <u>Shares held at year end</u> | | <u>Carrying amount</u> | <u>(Loss) income of</u> | <u>(Gain) loss on</u> | <u>Remarks</u> |
|-----------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------|---|--------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------|------------------------|---------------------------------|--|-------------------|
| | | | | <u>June 30, 2021</u> | <u>End of Last Year</u> | <u>Shares (share)</u> | <u>Ratio (%)</u> | | <u>investees for the period</u> | <u>investment recognized in the period</u> | |
| OFCO Industrial Corp. | TSG Transport Corp. | Taiwan | Container rental, transportation and packing services | \$ 110,000 | \$ 50,000 | 12,000,000 | 100% | \$ 144,144 | \$18,951 | \$18,951 | Subsidiary |
| OFCO Industrial Corp. | TSG Environmental Technology Corp. | Taiwan | Recycling of materials, waste disposal services, etc. | 10,000 | 10,000 | 1,000,000 | 100% | 13,849 | 998 | 998 | Subsidiary |
| OFCO Industrial Corp. | Yung Fu Co.,Ltd. | Taiwan | Commissioned operation and management of waste and business waste incineration plants and planning, design and turnkey services for small and medium-sized incinerator projects | 427,301 | 150,000 | 47,530,588 | 95.06% | 480,888 | 8,758 | 8,871 | Subsidiary |
| Yung Fu Co.,Ltd. | TSG Power Corp. | Taiwan | Energy technology services | 50,000 | 20,000 | 5,000,000 | 100% | 34,126 | (577) | - | Subsidiary (Note) |

(Note) The amount of investment income (loss) recognized in the current period is exempt from disclosure.

OFCO Industrial Corp. and subsidiaries

Information on main investors

June 30, 2021

Table 7

Unit: Shares

| <u>Name of major shareholder</u> | <u>Number of shares held</u> | <u>Percentage of shareholdings</u> | <u>Remarks</u> |
|----------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------|
| Taiwan Steel Group | 18,423,385 | 24.25% | (Note 2) |

(Note 1) The information of major shareholders in this table is based on the last business day at the end of each quarter, and the information of shareholders holding at least 5% of the total common shares and preferred shares of the Company that have been delivered without physical registration (including treasury shares).

The share capital recorded in the Company's financial statements and the Company's actual number of shares delivered with dematerialized registration completed may be different due to different calculation bases.

(Note 2) The basis for calculating the percentage of shareholding includes the number of shares of the bond conversion certificates.